

HEAL C-6 AUGSA C.R.

## NNUAL REPORT

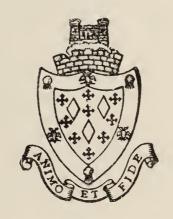
of the

MEDICAL OFFICER
OF HEALTH

J. YULE, M.D., D.P.H.

1953





### Annual Report

ON THE

### Health

OF THE

County Borough of Stockport For the Year 1953.

J. YULE, M.D., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

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### County Borough of Stockport

### HEALTH COMMITTEE

(As at 31st December, 1953).

Chairman:—Alderman H. Patten, O.B.E., M.A., J.P. Vice-Chairman:—Alderman J. E. Smith.

The Worshipful The Mayor (Alderman A. Foulkes, J.P.).

Councillor S. Boyle.
Councillor A. N. Brown.
Councillor Mrs. C. S. Grant.
Councillor A. Hodkinson.
Councillor H. Hope.
Councillor Mrs. E. Little.
Councillor J. Marsden.
Councillor Mrs. R. C. Nelson.
Councillor S. Sidebotham.
Councillor Mrs. M. White.

### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SUB-COMMITTEE

Chairman:—Alderman J. E. SMITH. Vice-Chairman:—Councillor Mrs. C. S. Grant.

Alderman H. Patten.
Councillor S. Boyle.
Councillor A. N. Brown.
Councillor A. Hodkinson.
Councillor H. Hope.

Councillor Mrs. E. Little.
Councillor J. Marsden.
Councillor Mrs. R. C. Nelson.
Councillor S. Sidebotham.

Co-opted Members—
Mrs. M. Dixon (Stockport Sick Poor Nursing Association).
Mrs. E. Clarke (Heaton Mersey Nursing Association).

### GENERAL HEALTH SUB-COMMITTEE

Chairman — Alderman J. E. SMITH. Vice-Chairman: — Councillor A. Hodkinson.

Alderman H. Patten.
Councillor S. Boyle.
Councillor A. N. Brown.
Councillor Mrs. C. S. Grant.
Councillor H. Hope.

Councillor Mrs. E. Little.
Councillor J. Marsden.
Councillor Mrs. R. C. Nelson.
Councillor S. Sidebotham.
Councillor Mrs. M. White.

### AMBULANCE SUB-COMMITTEE MENTAL HEALTH SUB-COMMITTEE

Chairman:—Councillor A. N. Brown. Vice-Chairman:—Councillor Mrs. R. C. Nelson.

Alderman H. Patten.
Alderman J. E. Smith.
Councillor S. Boyle.
Councillor Mrs. C. S. Grant.
Councillor A. Hodkinson.

Councillor Mrs. Councillor Mrs. M. White.

### STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT, 1953.

Medical Officer of Health: Principal School Medical Officer:

Administrative Maternity and Child Welfare Officer:

John Yule, M.D., ch.B., D.P.H., F.R.San.I.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health:—
ALEXANDER ROBERT MILLAR MOIR, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officers of Health and Maternity and Child Welfare Officers:—

MARION WINIFRED DAVIES, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
MARJORIE WARD, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officers, Maternity and Child Welfare Centres (Part-time):— MARY WILSON. M.B., Ch.B. M. L. CARTLEDGE, M.B., Ch.B.

### SANITARY STAFF

### Chief Sanitary Inspector:—

F. WINDER, Cert.s.I.B., M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.†\*‡

### Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector:—

H. HOWARD, Cert.S.I.B., M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

### Senior District Inspectors:—

L. Davies, Cert.s.i.b., M.R.San.i., M.S.I.A.†\* R. Thompson, Cert.s.i.B., M.S.I.A.†

### Sanitary Inspectors:—

A. D. E. HARDING, Cert.S.I.B., M.S.I.A.†

T. STOCKTON, Cert.S.I.B., M.S.I.A.

G. W. TIPLADY, Cert.S.I.B., A.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.†

A. H. KIRKMAN, Cert.s.i.B., A.R.San.i., M.S.I.A.† L. W. Purvis, Cert.s.i.B., M.S.I.A.†

R. Sharp, Cert.s.i.b., M.R.San.i., M.S.I.A.†

J. L. Fear, Cert. S.I.B., A.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

D. A. PAMPHILON, Cert.S.I.B., M.S.I.A.†

A. Newton, Cert.s.i.b., M.s.i.a.† (Commenced 2.1.53).

### Pupil Sanitary Inspectors:—

J. Marshall. A. Jones.

### Housing Inspector:—

- S. Derbyshire, Cert.s.i.b., M.R.San.i., M.S.I.A.†
  - † Meat and Other Foods Certificate.

\* Smoke Certificate.

‡ Sanitary Science.

### Rodent Operatives:—

Foreman—J. AINSWORTH. (3 Operatives).

### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

### Superintendent Health Visitor:—

MISS E. SNOWDON, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.

### Superintendent Welfare Centres:—

MISS L. M. DREW, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

### Health Visitors:—

MISS K. M. McMahon, M.B.E., S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MISS A. D. CLARK, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MRS. M. A. LEE, S.R.N.

MISS S. C. GRIFFITHS, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MISS E. D. BROOK, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MISS B. RICHARDSON, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.

MRS. G. ARMSTRONG, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MISS V. BURTON, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MISS N. PRIESTLEY, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert. MISS W. M. FEATHER, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert.

MISS D. HOWARTH, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.CERT. (Commenced 6.6.53).

### Physiotherapists:—

MRS. J. JACKSON. Miss J. P. Davie (part-time).

### Non-Medical Supervisor of Midwives:-

MISS D. A. CARTER, S.R.N., S.C.M., Q.N.\*

### Municipal Midwives:—

MRS. N. WALKER, S.C.M., R.F.N.\*

MISS H. F. TROTTER, S.R.N., S.C.M., Q.N.\*

MRS. J. WEST, S.C.M.,\* (Retired 3.12.53). MISS E. WILKS, S.C.M.\* (Temporary).

Mrs. E. E. Baldry, s.c.m.\* Mrs. M. Wheeler, s.c.m.\*

MISS F. R. CLAYTON, S.R.N., S.C.M., Q.N.\*

Mrs. M. B. Seddon, s.r.n., s.c.m., q.n.\*

MISS J. E. J. MAGUIRE, S.R.N., S.C.M.\*

Mrs. I. M. Munroe, s.r.n., s.c.m.\*

MRS. G. RODGERS, S.R.N., S.C.M.\*

Mrs. M. Madew, s.r.n., s.c.m.\* (Ceased 30.8.53).

Mrs. S. A. Pugh, s.r.n., s.c.m.\*

MRS. K. DEERING, S.C.M.\*
MRS. M. FULLER, S.R.N., S.C.M.\* (Commenced 10.8.53).

Mrs. D. Jeronimidis, s.r.n., s.c.m.\* (Commenced 7.9.53). \* Analgesic Certificate.

### Day Nurseries:-

### DAW BANK

Matron. Mrs. D. M. Ennis, s.R.N. Deputy Matron, Mrs. M. T. Birch, S.R.N. (7 Nursing Staff, 3 Domestic Staff).

### WHITEHILL

Matron, Mrs. D. J. Allen, S.R.N. Deputy Matron, Mrs. J. Mellor, R.F.N. (9 Nursing Staff, 3 Domestic Staff).

### Domestic Help Service.

Organiser, Miss N. Lingard. (8 Domestic Helps Full-time, 14 Part-time).

### Home Nursing Service.

Superintendent, MISS V. M. FALLOWS, S.R.N., S.C.M., Q.N. Assistant Superintendent, MISS E. DAVIES, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert., Q.N.

(12 District Nurses Full-time, 3 Part-time).

### Ambulance Service.

Superintendent, J. R. Chynoweth. (27 Driver/Attendants, 1 Telephonist).

### Mental Health Service.

(Duly Authorised Officers).

F. SQUIRES.

H. HOLDEN.

MRS. M. HINCLIFFE.

MRS. S. D. HANCOCK, Supervisor, Occupation Centre. (3 Assistant Supervisors).

### CLERICAL STAFF.

### Senior Administrative Assistant:—

A. ROWLAND, F.C.I.S., A.T.I.I. (Retired 15.8.53). G. CALVERT, F.C.C.S. (Promoted 17.8.53).

### Administrative Assistant:—

H. H. BIRTLES, A.C.C.S. (Promoted 17.8.53).

### General Health Statistical Clerk:— H. CLIFFE.

### Wages and Accounts Clerk:—

W. L. FOULKES (Commenced 21.9.53).

### Shorthand Typists:—

MISS E. W. JONES. MISS M. ETCHELLS (Ceased 16.11.53). MISS J. HULME (Commenced 23.11.53).

### Junior Clerks:—

Miss S. M. Moss. MISS M. P. WILLIAMS.

### Office Girl:—

MISS E. C. BURNS (Ceased 7.11.53). MISS G. M. LUNN (Commenced 28.12.53).

### Maternity and Child Welfare.

### Senior Clerk:-

MISS H. M. HOBSON.

### Clerks:—

MISS D. A. KNOWLES. MISS E. M. HOWARTH. MRS. J. M. CROFTS. MISS J. WAINWRIGHT. Miss J. Barnicoat.

### Junior Clerk:—

MISS E. J. DAVIDSON. .

### SANITARY.

### Senior Clerk:—

R. BARRETT (Promoted 17.8.53).

### Shorthand Typist:—

MISS N. TOYNE.

### Junior Clerks:-

MISS M. S. WILSHAW. G. E. HILL. J. Hine (Commenced 9.2.53).

### Public Analyst (Part-time):—

TENNYSON HARRIS, P.H.O., F.C.I.S. (Appointed January, 1953).

### To the Worshipful the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the County Borough of Stockport

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit to you the Report on the health of the Borough during the year 1953.

It will be remembered that included in last year's Report was a survey report of the Health Services which had been requested by the Minister of Health. This year we revert to the normal routine annual report.

We have been asked this year to make a short statement giving such information as is available as to the incidence of epilepsy and cerebral palsy in the town, together with a brief review of the facilities available under the local health services for persons suffering from these handicaps, and the degree to which these facilities are being co-ordinated with the diagnostic and treatment services, and with the Welfare Services.

It will be noted (pp. 61, 62) that difficulty has been experienced in getting an accurate picture of the incidence in the town of all persons, at all ages, suffering from epilepsy and cerebral palsy. It is suggested that it would be of great assistance if some means of more accurate certification was available, e.g. coding of disease. The arrangements made by the Local Authority through its Education, Health and Welfare Committees, also the provision made by the Hospital Services for diagnosis and treatment are outlined in the Report. It is clear that there ought to be closer integration of these services with each other, also with the work of the Ministry of Labour for handicapped persons.

The section of the Report dealing with blind persons has been expanded to give more detailed information of the incidence of cataract and glaucoma among old people. It will be noted that there has been no case of retrolental fibroplasia among premature infants, nor was there any case of ophthalmia neonatorum notified during the year. The arrangements for the training, rehabilitation, and occupation of blind persons is given in detail in the Report.

The low records of the various vital statistics have been maintained throughout the year, and are on the whole, extremely satisfactory. The birth rate was 15.3 compared with 14.97 for the previous year. The death rate was 14.5 compared with 12.62 the previous year. This increase is accounted for by the inclusion of 242 deaths in St. Thomas' Hospital of persons normally resident outside the Borough. If these deaths had been excluded, the rate would have been almost identical with that of the previous year. From the commencement of the present year, deaths in St. Thomas' Hospital of persons normally resident outside the Borough will be transferred to the area of their normal place of residence.

The infant death rate was 29.67 compared with 28.90 for the previous year. This is the second lowest rate ever recorded in the history of the Borough.

The maternal mortality rate was 1.36 compared with 1.86 for the previous year. This means that there were three maternal deaths this year compared with four in the previous year.

The death rate from Zymotic diseases was 1.5 compared with 0.08 in the previous year.

The death rate from pulmonary tuberculosis was 0.16 compared with 0.25 in the previous year, and from other tubercular diseases 0.03 compared with 0.07. Although there has been a marked reduction in the tuberculosis death rate, there has been, as was forecast in last year's Report, an increase in the notifications received; from 96 in 1952, to 105 in 1953. This increase, however, need not give cause for alarm, it only indicates that case finding is active. The remarkable improvement in the mortality rate is encouraging and indicates the advantage of therapeutic advance and the value of mass miniature radiology, which enables cases to be picked up at an earlier stage of the disease.

There was a slight reduction in the notifications of infectious diseases, and only one case of poliomyelitis was notified during the year. It is worthy of note that for the third year in succession no case of diphtheria occurred in the Borough. Diphtheria immunisation has been energetically maintained in the pre-school and school-children, and it is only by maintaining a high percentage of immunisation in our child population that we will continue to reap the reward from specific prophylaxis.

There has been no death from measles and only one death from whooping cough during the year; further indices of progress in public health as these used to be the two major killing diseases of childhood. It will be observed that we are now actively engaged in whooping cough immunisation, and it is hoped that this may lead to a diminution in the number of cases of whooping cough within the next few years.

The ambulance service has continued to work efficiently in spite of the increased demands made upon it. Short-wave radio was introduced on all the ambulance vehicles during the first quarter of the present year, and it is hoped that this will lead to increased

efficiency and a diminution in the dead mileage run.

The maternity service continues to carry out blood tests on all women attending the ante-natal clinics. Valuable work has been undertaken by the Stepping Hill Hospital Pathological Laboratory Service and by the Regional Blood Bank. The investigations are considered to be well worthwhile and are justified by the findings.

The work of the Mental Health Department continues to grow, especially in connection with care and after care. The Occupation Centre fulfils its functions admirably, but there is no doubt that it is totally inadequate to deal with the needs of the town. Land has been acquired in the Garner's Lane area on the south side of the town, and plans prepared for a new centre to accommodate some 56 cases. When this centre is completed it is hoped that we shall be able to meet all demands for places in an Occupation Centre.

The demand for the Home Nursing Service has expanded considerably over the past few years, and I am pleased to report that in spite of this increase the service has been equal to that

demand and has performed its duties efficiently, and is proving to

be of immense value in this particular field of nursing.

Thanks are due to the Stockport Sick Poor Nursing Association which has continued to place its resources, both of equipment and financial assistance, at the disposal of the Home Nursing Service and its patients.

The Co-ordinating Committee, as recommended by the Ministry of Health, Ministry of Education, and the Home Office, has met regularly throughout the year, and has proved a most useful medium for dealing with the many and varied problems which arise in

connection with problem families.

The dental scheme for the pre-school child has functioned very satisfactorily, but full advantage is not yet being taken of the scheme for expectant and nursing mothers. It may be that the demand will grow once the mother becomes aware of the advantage of this service.

Housing continues to be one of the major problems, and in spite of building and property repairs much still requires to be done. During the year the first clearance area, consisting of 60 houses, was represented on 17th November, 1952, the Inquiry was held on the 7th July, 1953, and a compulsory purchase order was confirmed in August, 1953 for the York Street Scheme. This is the first postwar scheme involving clearance and re-development on the site.

A major task lies ahead, with the introduction of the Housing Repairs and Rents Bill. This Act will be far reaching in its effects. Within one year from the coming into force of this Act, local sanitary authorities are required to submit to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government, in such form as the Minister requires, proposals for dealing with houses which appear to the local council to be unfit for habitation. In this connection, the Bill contains a legal standard for determining whether or not a house is fit for habitation. This standard reads as follows:—

"In determining for any purpose of the Act whether a house is fit for human habitation, regard should be had to its condtion in respect of the following matters:

(a) Repair(b) Stability

(c) Freedom from damp

(d) Natural lighting

(e) Ventilation(f) Water supply

(g) Drainage and sanitary conveniences; facilities for storage, preparation and cooking of food, and for the disposal of waste water.

The house should be considered unfit for human habitation if, and only if, it is so far defective in one or more of the said matters that it cannot be considered reasonably suitable for

occupation in that condition."

In order to obtain the information which must be submitted to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government, it will be obvious that a general survey of all houses in each district will have to be made. This is going to throw a considerable burden on the Sanitary Inspectors, but it is a burden which will be cheerfully accepted. It will be obvious that such a survey will not only allow houses to be placed in their proper category, it will bring to light conditions which require improvement, and produce an accurate assessment of

housing conditions in any district.

After the survey has been made, various clearance and re-development schemes will almost certainly be put into operation. This will mean that individual unfit houses or groups of houses will gradually be demolished over a period of years. This will take time, and in order to bridge the gap, the Bill contains a provision which allows councils to purchase houses which will finally be demolished, so that work can be carried out on these houses to allow them to remain "alive" until the time for demolition arrives.

Towards the end of the year, an additional clinic was opened at the Brinnington Community Centre to meet the demand of the new neighbourhood unit, both for ante-natal and infant welfare purposes. In addition, plans have been submitted to the Ministry for

approval of the new combined clinic to serve this area.

Atmospheric pollution continues to be a major problem. Much useful work has been carried out by the sanitary inspectors during the year. The areas of the town which are most affected by atmospheric pollution are constantly under supervision and inspectors continue to offer help and guidance to the offending firms. A survey has been undertaken in the Brinnington area and it is hoped to constitute the first smokeless zone in this area. It is anticipated that one of the recommendations of the Committee on Air Pollution, appointed by the Minister of Housing and Local Government, the Secretary of State for Scotland, and the Minister of Fuel and Power, will be to advise the Government that general legislation for this purpose should be introduced. In the meantime, it should be possible to make it a condition of tenancy in the case of corporation houses, that only smokeless fuels can be used.

Throughout the year, food premises in the Borough have been under constant supervision and every endeavour has been made to assist the purveyors of food in their efforts to maintain a high standard of hygiene in the production and sale of their products. Three years have elapsed since the introduction of Byelaws relating to the Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food, and the department generally has received the co-operation of all traders. Considerable headway has been made, especially in relation to the manufacture

and distribution of ice-cream.

I wish to place on record my thanks to all Members of the Staff for their loyal service and response to all demands which have been made upon them.

I am deeply grateful to the various Committees for their

consideration and encouragement at all times.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient servant,

J. YULE,

Medical Officer of Health.

Health Department, Town Hall, Stockport. June, 1954.

### SECTION 1.

Statistics, Natural and Social Conditions of the Area

### COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT

### SECTION I.

### Statistics, Natural and Social Conditions of the Area.

(a) STATISTIC	AL MEMO	RANDUM		
(4) 4 11 1 2 2 2 4 2 2 4		England	160 County Boroughs	160
	Stockport	and Wales	and Great Towns	Smaller Towns
Population (Census 1951)	141,660			
Estimated Civilian Population, Mid-year Area in Acres	141,000 8,439	-		
Birth Rate per 1,000	15.3	15.5	17.0	15.7
Do. do. Adjusted for area comparability (0.99)	15.15	_	_	_
1952	15.67	<u></u>		
Still-birth Rate per 1,000 population do. do. average for five years, 1948-	0.31	0.35	0.43	0.34
General Death Rate per 1,000	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{0.38} \\ \textbf{14.50} \end{array}$	11.4	12.2	11.3
Do. do. Adjusted for area comparabilit	у			
(0.99)	14.35			
1952	13.09	_		
Infant Death Rate per 1,000 Births Do. do. average for five years, 1948-	29.67	26.8	30.8	24.3
1952	36.64		_	
Death Rate from Seven Principal Zymotic Diseases	0.15	Makes MAPS		
Death Rate from Phthisis (Pulmonary				
Tuberculosis) per 1,000 Death Rate from all other Tubercular	0.16	<del></del>		
Diseases	0.03	-		CATALOG MA
(b) STATISTICS AND SOCI	AL CONDI	TIONS OF	THE AREA	0.400
Area (in acres)	c., 1953) a	ccording to	rate books,	
approx. Rateable Value (April, 1953) Sum represented by a penny rate (1952)	$2/53) \dots \dots$			46,884 £945,674 £3,783
Extracts from vital statistics for the Total		•		
Live Births: Legitimate 2,045 1,	066 97	79   Birth R		4
Illegitimate 112 Stillbirths	<b>5</b> 2 (	30 mate	d resident	population
Stillbirths 44	$22 \dots 2$	22 Rate pe	er 1,000 total	births (live
Deaths 2,044 1,0	020 1.02		tillbirths), 19 Rate per 1.000	
2 CCC 210 2 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mate	d resident	population
Deaths from diseases and accidents of pr	regnancy at		000) 14.50.	
2 camp from abetages and accidents of pr	28.14.169 41		Rate per	1,000 total:
		No.	(live and	still) births
From Haemorrhage of pregnance		2		0.91
Other complications		1	(	0.45
Total	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	]	.36
Death Rate of Infants under one year All Infants per 1,000 live births.	of age:—			29.67
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitilegitimate infants per 1,000 illeg	timate liv $\epsilon$	e births		30.32
Deaths from Neoplasms (all ages) .				348
,, Whooping Cough (all age	es)			1
,, Diarribea (under 2 years	01 450)			4

### (c) COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF VITAL STATISTICS

YEAR 1953

	1 LAK 1900														
	Rate	Rate	Mon	fant tality tate	Rate thisis	th Rate n other Diseases		Maternal Mortality Rate (per 1000 Total Live and Still Births)							
	Birth	Death 1	$\frac{Year}{1953}$	Average 5 years 1948–52	Death Rate from Phthisis	Death from c Tub. Di	Sepsis of pregnancy	Abortion with Toxae- mia & other Toxaemias of pregnancy	Haemorr- hage of pregnancy	Abortion without sepsis or Toxaemia	Abortion with sepsis	Other complications of pregnancy	Total		
England and Wales	15.5	11.4	26.8	31	*	*	0.10	]	0.13	0.04	0.06	0.18	0.76		
160 Great Towns	17.0	12.2	30.8	35	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Birkenhead	18.4	11.8	28	42	0.19	0.02			• •	• •		• •	Nil		
Burnley	14.4	14.4	27	41	0.14	0.07	• •	• •		• •		• •	Nil		
Bury	14.94	14.84	18	35	0.12	0.02		9 9	• •	4 +			Nil		
Halifax	14.57	15.15	30	31	0.21	0.02		• •		• •			Nil		
Liverpool	20.3	10.7	35	41	0.33	0.03	0.12	• •	• •	• •	• •	0.18	0.30		
Manchester	17.41	12.31	31	38	0.28	0.03		0.24	0.24	• •	• •	0.32	0.80		
Oldham	15.88	15.52	31	41	0.12	0.02		4 4	• •	• •		• •	Nil		
Preston	16.10	11.39	33	36	0.22	0.01		1.02	0.51	• •		0.51	2.04		
Rochdale	15.0	14.4	31	42	0.27	0.02		• •	• c	0.75	• •	• •	0.75		
Salford	17.05	12.32	32	42	0.29	0.02		• •	• •	• •		0.33	0.33		
St. Helens	17.5	10.6	44	43	0.25	0 04		• •	• •	• •		0.51	0.51		
Stockport	15.3	14.5	30	37	0.16	0.03		• •	0.91	• •		0.45	1.36		
Wallasey	16.22	11.11	25	35	0.11	0.06		• •	1.21	• •	0.60	• •	1.81		
Wigan	15.65	12.02	38	46	0.24	0.01			• •	• •	0.74		0.74		
												250			

<sup>\*</sup> Not available

### (d) VITAL STATISTICS.

### (i) Population.

The Registrar-General's estimate of the civilian population for the Borough at mid-year, 1953, is 141,000, the same as the previous year. This figure is based primarily on the National Register enumeration taken at the end of September, 1939, adjusted for the subsequent movement of population derived from that Register. Non-Civilians (i.e., Stockport inhabitants serving with Her Majesty's Forces) are excluded from this estimate.

### (ii) Births.

The corrected number of births registered for the Borough during 1953, was 2,157, of which 1,118 were males and 1,039 females. The birth-rate per thousand of the population was equal to 15.3, the figure for 1952 being 14.97. In 1952 there were 2,111 births—1,081 males, 1,030 females.

The birth-rate for the country as a whole was 15.5.

### (iii) Deaths.

The corrected number of deaths recorded during 1953, was 2,044, namely 1,020 males and 1,024 females. The death-rate per thousand of the estimated population was 14.5, as compared with 12.62 in 1952. The increase in this rate is largely due to the inclusion of 242 deaths in St. Thomas' Hospital, of persons normally resident outside the borough.

The rate for England and Wales was 11.4.

More detailed information and certain comparative rates of other similar towns are shown in the tables on pages 14, 15, and 18 to 21.

The chief causes of Deat	h were:-	-	•	1953	1952
Heart Disease	• • •			602	541
Other Circulatory Dise	eases			92	123
Neoplasm, Malignant	Disease	a w 8		348	292
Pneumonia (all forms)			• : •	51	51
Tuberculosis (all form	s)			26	43
Kidney Disease				10	16
				351	268
Bronchitis	• • •			164	163
Influenza	• • •			18	3
There were also the follow	ving dea	ths fr	om :-	<u> </u>	
Suicide	• • •	• • •		12	18
Accidents	• • •	• • •	• • •	53	35

The Zymotic Death Rate for the whole Borough was 0.15.

The Death Rate from Pulmonary Tuberculosis for the whole of the Borough was 0.16 per 1,000 of the population, as compared with 0.25 for 1952, and the total number of deaths recorded was 22, as compared with 35 for 1952.

The number of deaths of children under one year of age was 64, giving an Infant Mortality Rate for 1953 of 29.67. The Rate for 1953, for England and Wales was 26.8 and for the County Boroughs and Great Towns 30.8.

### (iv) Illegitimacy.

During the year there were 112 illegitimate births recorded by the Registrar-General as belonging to the Borough, as compared with 92 in 1952. This gives an illegitimate birth rate of 51.92 per thousand total live births, as compared with 43.58 in 1952.

The infant mortality rate amongst illegitimate children was 17.86 per thousand illegitimate births.

The following table shows the comparison between the death rates of illegitimate children and others registered in the Borough during the past few years:—

			**************************************					Productive and Subject to the	
	Esti- mated	Bir	Births.		imate ths.	Total deaths	Infant mor-	Deaths of illegiti-	Illegiti- mate infant mortality
Year	popula-	Legit-	Illegit-	to 1000	to 1000	1	tality	mates	per 1000
1 0007	tion.	imate	imate	popl'n		1 year	per	under	illegiti-
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			Popun		of age	1000	1 year	mate
						17 18	births.	of age.	births.
1939	135600	1832	83	0.61	43.34	134	69.97	13	156.63
1940	132600	1841	91	0.69	47.10	117	60.25	9	98.90
1941	131310	1773	86	0.66	46.26	141	75.32	10	114.94
1942	128900	2026	112	0.87	52.39	144	67.35	9	80.36
1943	127200	2078	123	0.97	55.84	143	64.97	16	130.08
1944	129060	2271	132	1.02	54.93	164	68.25	17	128.79
1945	129280	1955	190	1.47	88.57	1	68.53		84.21
1946	137680	2504	179	1.30	66.72		51.43	1	89.39
1947	140720		174	1.24	57.27	1	48.39		$\boxed{ 63.22}$
1948	140900	2323	141	1.00	57.22		36.93	1	42.55
1949	141460	2163	116	0.82	50.90		40.81		51.72
1950	142110	2036	114	0.80	53.02	1	35.35		26.32
1951	140700	1954	109	0.77	52.83		41.20		45.87
1952	141000		92	0.65	43.58		28.90		65.22
1953	141000	2045	112	0.79	51.92	64	29.67	2	17.86

18

1951—Total population at all ages, 141,660.

Area of District in acres (land and water): 7,059.

 $(\underline{A})$ 

VITAL STATISTICS OF WHOLE BURUUGH DURING 1200, ALL

	(EARS.
Census of 1951 \ Private families or separate occupiers: 33,760.	THAT STATISTICS OF WHATE BARAITCH DITRING 1953, AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

	Ages.	Rate.	133	14.00	13.86	13.46	13.12	13.28	11.86	13.18	13.14	14.66	12.62	14.50
SELONGING TO	At all Ages.	Number.	12	1781	1789	1741	1806	. 1869	1671	1865	1867	2063	1780	2044
NETT DEATHS BELONGING TO THE DISTRICT.  Vear of Age. At all A	Year of Age.	Rate per 1000 Nett Births.	11	65	89	89	E C	48	36	40	35	41	29	30
Ž	Under 1 Y	Number.	10	143	164	147	138	147	91	93	92	85	19	64
Transferable Deaths.	of Resi-	dents not registered in the District.	6	123	125	108	136	144	119	138	113	155	131	122
TRANSF	of Non-	residents registered in the District.	∞	371	333	385	371	375	371	453	527	650	889	629
TOTAL DEATHS	EATHS IN THE CT.		Rate.		15.47	15.61	14.81	14.92	13.64	15.41	16.05	18.18	16.57	18.30
TOTAL DEAT REGISTERED IN	DISTRICT.	Number	9	2029	1997	2019	2039	2099	1923	2180	2281	2558	2337	2581
	it i	Dote	naic.	17.30	18.62	16.59	19.49	21.59	17.49	16.11	15.13	14.66	14.97	15.3
BIRTHS.	Nett	To the state of th	A 4	2201	2403	2145	2683	3038	2464	2279	2150	2063	2111	2157
		Un- corrected Number.	က	2407	2676	2415	2880	3154	2683	2751	2758	2700	2774	2887
	Total Population	to Middle of each Year.	67	127,200	129,060	129,280	137,680	140,720	140,900	141,460	142,110	140,700	141,000	141,000
	37.57.	r EAK.	rd	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953

(vi) Birth Rate, Death Rate, Infant Mortality Rate, Maternal Mortality Rate, and Zymotic Death Rate (1917–1953).

Year.	Birth-rate	Death-rate.	Infant Mortality.	Zymotic Death-rate.	Maternal Mortality.
1917	15.17	13.18	96	0.54	3.54
1918	13.84	18.29	$1\overline{12}$	0.69	4.82
1919	15.05	13.33	98	0.32	4.33
1920	$\frac{13.30}{22.20}$	12.87	97	0.88	3.60
1921	$\frac{20.43}{20.43}$	12.16	91	0.53	$5.5\overline{5}$
1922	17.42	13.37	77	0.53	6.91
1923	17.63	12.66	92	0.35	5.21
1924	16.37	13.86	87	0.51	5.51
1925	16.51	13.94	97	0.49	2.76
1926	16.06	12.78	82	0.40	4.77
1927	14.66	12.54	77	0.26	6.70
1928	14.32	12.79	77	0.31	5.68
1929	13.30	13.87	92	0.23	6.12
1930	13.79	12.02	57	0.39	1.60
1931	13.60	13.85	79	0.27	6.04
1932	12.66	12.72	71	0.45	2.94
1933	12.23	13.83	83	0.31	4.27
1934	13.58	11.85	55	0.23	3.82
1935	12.93	11.97	57	0.24	5.59
1936	13.65	13.16	76	0.35	3.15
1937	14.14	13.94	57	0.12	8.60
1938	14.35	13.03	56	0.32	2.94
1939	14.12	13.56	70	0.26	1.49
1940	14.57	15.28	60	0.26	1.47
1941	14.16	14.18	75	0.44	4.62
1942	16.59	12.96	67	0.40	4.05
1943	17.30	14.00	64	0.25	2.20
1944	18.62	13.86	68	0.32	4.03
1945	16.59	13.46	68	0.43	2.70
1946	19.49	13.12	51	0.27	1.08
1947	21.59	13.28	48	0.18	0.95
1948	17.49	11.86	36	0.12	0.79
1949	16.11	13.18	40	0.16	0.42
1950	15.13	13.14	35	0.09	0.46
1951	14.66	14.66	41	0.08	1.41
1952	14.97	12.62	29	0.08	1.86
1953	$15 \cdot 30$	14.50	30	0.15	1.36

1												
	CAUSES OF DEATH	Sex	-0	1	5	15—	25—	45—	65—	75—	Total	
20.	Other Heart Diseases	ŭ M.	:	:			4 0	28	49	67	149	
21.	Other Circulatory Diseases	i Zi	• •	: :	• •		7 7	<u>o</u> ∞ ·	7 7 7 1	142 26	203 50	
22.	Influenza	ī Zī	:-		• •	• •		4 01	200	30	45 9	
33.	Pneumonia	ų Ž į	: 1~ 1	• •	:4	• •	• •	07 00 0	4 % r	w 4 <sup>‡</sup>	26	
24.	Bronchitis	i Z i	`:	::	::	: :	::	31	c 47	27	25 105	
25.	Other Diseases of Respiratory System	ijŖi	• •	• •	:-	: :	::		∞ ∞ •	0.00	8c 7	
26.	Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	i z i	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	N 01 +	T 9 F	- 67 6	11 4	
27.	Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	i Zi	:87	• •	• •	• •	N ;	·	·	N :	040	
28.	Nephritis and Nephrosis	7 X 1	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	<b>—</b> —	<b>∹</b> ::	:01	27 00	
29.	Hyperplasia of Prostate	ń X i	• •	• •	• •	• •	<b>:</b>	4 -	c1 &	:	7	
30.	Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion	r z i	• •	• •	• •	• • <del>•</del>	• • •	• • •	• •	• •	• • (	
31.	Congenital Malformations	i Zi	:ro	• •	: -	→ :	→ : r	<b></b>	• •	• •	∞ 1~ 1	
32.	Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	i Zi	9 9 1	: ← ፣	; <del></del>	:07 +	- 9 i	23	10	:23		
33.	Motor Vehicle Accidents	i Zi	cr :	<b>→</b> ,→ ,	<b></b>	- 67	o 4 ,	782	2 :	60	134 10	
34.	All other accidents	ZZ:	:07	<b></b>	• 3	<b>-</b> 4	<b></b>	: m	:07	; m (	16	
35.	Suicide	ZZ:	→ :	• •	• •	:-	: 27	m m (	7 :	<u>s</u> :	24 6	
36.	Homicide and Operations of War	K Z	: :	• •	: :	<b>-</b> :	⊣ :	m :	<b>-</b> :	• •	9:	
		ĮŢ,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	:	
	All Causes	Z.H.	35 29	42	68	13	41	293 197	324 269	301	1020 1024	
	Totals		*64	9	11	19	78	490	593	783	2044	

OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE IN THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT, 1953 (contd.)

CAUSES

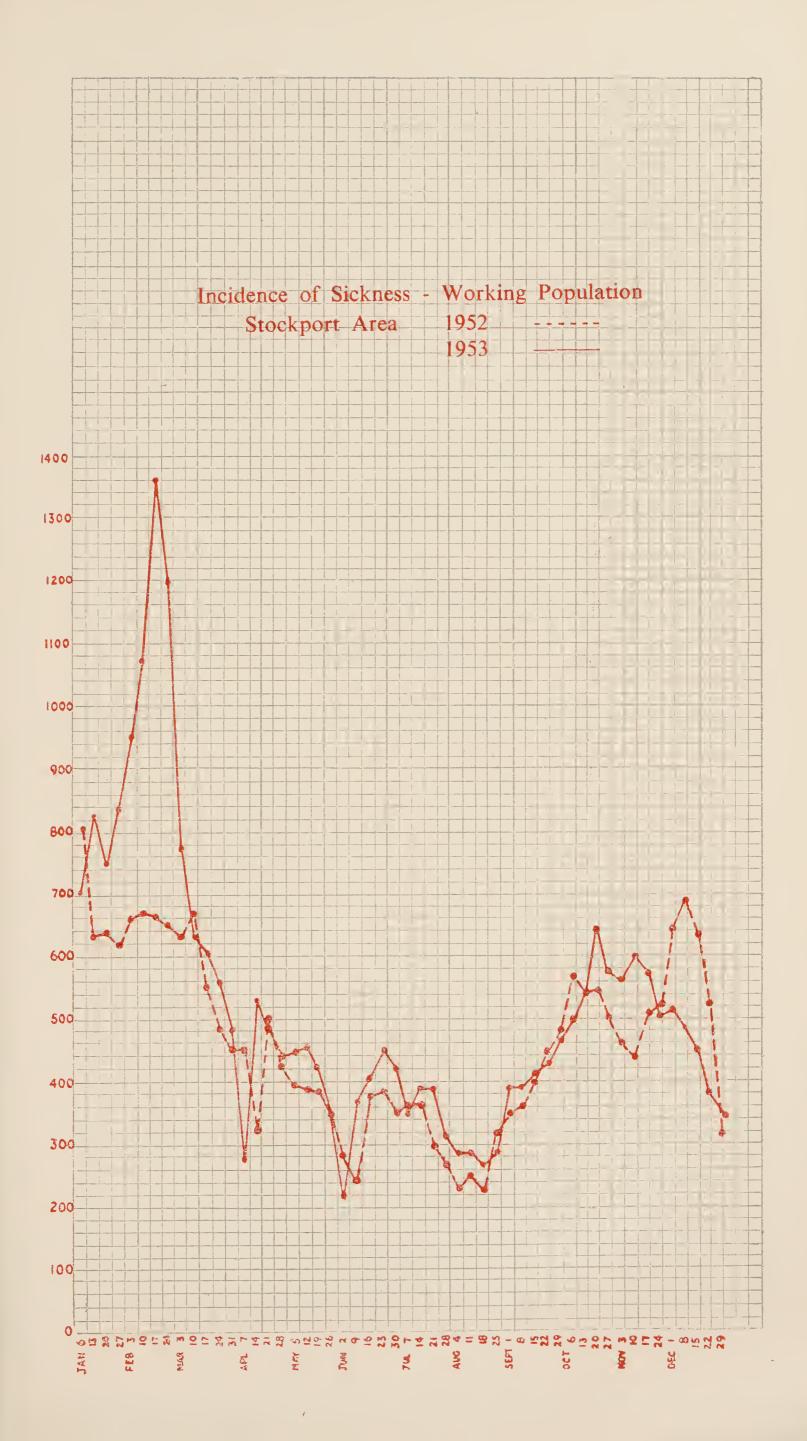
\*Under 1 year  $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} & \text{Legit.} & \text{Illegit.} \\ \hline F. & ... & 28 \\ \hline & ... & 28 \\ \hline & ... & 1 \\ \hline & & 62 \\ \hline & & 2 \\ \hline \end{array} \right.$ 

### (e) SICKNESS FIGURES

The figures shown below represent the number of first sickness certificates submitted to the local insurance office by the working population in the Stockport area. This year the peak period occurred in February, which although considerably higher than the peak period of 1952, did not reach the proportions of 1951, when 2,078 certificates were submitted in one week in January.

Incidence of Sickness-Working Population, 1953.

Jan.	6th	• • •		702	Aug. 4th 25	84
	13th			823	31.1	
,,			• • •			85
,,	20th			741	$,, 18$ th $\dots 2$	57
, ,	27th			835	$,, 25$ th $\dots 25$	87
, ,					· ·	
Feb.	3rd			949	Sep. 1st 38	88
, ,	10th			1072	T	86
	17th				1 E 17.	
, ,		• • •	• • •	1360		08
,,	24th			1198	$,, 22$ nd $\dots 4$	37
3.4	0 1			MMO	$,, 29$ th $\dots 4$	72
Mar.	$3\mathrm{rd}$	• • •		770		
,,	10th			633	Oct. 6th 4	96
, <b>,</b>	17th			608		37
	24th			559	0011	41
,,		• • •				
,,	31st			480	$,, 27$ th $\dots 5$	75
Λ 1	7.1.			070	NT O 1	(• 1
Apı.	7th	• • •	• • •	279		61
,,	14th			529	$,, 10$ th $\dots 5$	94
, ,	21st			489		72
,,	28th			439	0.4.1	04
,,	~O CII	• • •	• • •	100	,, 24th 0	01
Mav	5th			442	Dec. 1st 5.	17
	12th			449	0.1	85
, ,				424	15.1.	
,,	19th	• • •				52
,,	26th	• • •		342	$\dots$ 22nd $\dots$ 3	31
т	0 1			018	,, 29th $$ $3$	47
	2nd			217		
, ,	9th			370		
,,	16th	• • •		409		
	23rd			447		
, ,	30th	• • •	• • •	421		
, ,	avui		• • •	461		
July	7th			349		
		• • •	• • •			
,,	14th	* * °	• • •	388		
,,	21st			386		
, ,	28th			309	Average weekly — 525.	
, ,						





### SECTION II.

### Sanitary Circumstances of the Area

### SECTION II.

### Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

### (a) (i) Water.

The water supply of Stockport is provided by the Stockport Corporation Water Undertaking, which has a statutory area of 77 square miles, it also provides supplies in bulk to other districts.

The total area supplied with water is 126 square miles, with an estimated population in 1953 of 269,000, the average daily consumption being 10,765,000 gallons.

The estimated population supplied in bulk is 40,200 with an average daily consumption of 1,483,000 gallons and the estimated population supplied in detail is 228,800 with an average daily consumption of 9,282,000 gallons, equal to 40.57 gallons per head per day, 28.72 gallons being un-metered (i.e. Domestic) and 11.85 gallons metered (i.e. Trade).

- (i) The water supply of the area and of its several parts has been satisfactory (a) in quality, and (b) in quantity.
- (ii) Bacteriological examinations were made monthly of the raw water and weekly of the treated water going into supply, the results being satisfactory. Chemical analyses were made monthly of the raw and treated water going into supply, the results being satisfactory.
- (iii) The water is chemically treated to prevent plumbo-solvent action, with satisfactory results. The chemical analyses are dealt with in (ii) above.
- (iv) The water is stored in impounding reservoirs, treated by mechanical filtration plant, and subsequently chlorinated.
- (v) 44,691 dwelling houses with a population of 140,870 are supplied from public water mains direct to the houses. No domestic supplies are given by standpipe.

### (ii) Drainage and Sewerage.

I am indebted to Mr. W. F. Gardner, M.I.C.E., Borough Surveyor, for the following details of work carried out during the year.

Number of back passages paved and sewered	Nil
Length of sewers laid	3,770 yds.
Number of cellar areas closed and filled in for street improvements	Nil
Number of houses demolished for street improvements	Nil
Number of water-closets erected in connection with new houses and buildings	692

### (b) Rivers and Streams.

There has not been any important change during the year.

### (c) (i) Closet Accommodation.

During 1953, 14 Waste Water Closets were converted to W.C.s, 103 additional W.C.s were provided as distinct from new houses provision. Eight W.C.s were provided for adaptation of old houses into flats. Number of W.C.s erected in new houses: 589.

The following table indicates the position in the Borough, as

compared with the previous year.

	1953		1952
Water Closets	. 49,803	• • •	49,094
Waste Water Closets	101	• • •	135
Pail Closets	63		63
Privy Middens	terminal plant		
Cesspools	2		2

### (c) (ii) Public Cleansing.

No change.

At the end of 1953, there were the following sanitary appliances:—

Ashbins ... ... ... 52,887 Ashpits ... ... Nil.

### (c) (iii) Shops Acts.

### Summary of Work under the Shops Act, 1950.

Number of Shops on the Register					2,558
Number of Visits for all Purposes					3,727
Notices Served:—					
Preliminary				135	
Statutory					
Notices Complied With:—				4.00	
Preliminary				126	
Statutory	• • •			2	
Notices Outstanding:—				00	
Preliminary				69	
Statutory		• • •			
Nature of Work Complied With:	4 -	C - '4 -			
Renewals and Repairs			~	9	
Accommodation		• • •		$\frac{2}{63}$	
General Drainage and Repairs Premises Cleansed				58	
Ash Bins Renewed		• • •		4	
Prescribed Forms obtained and				10	
Additional Facilities Required and I		*	• • •	10	
Sanitary Accommodation	···			4	
Washing Facilities		• • •		$4\overline{3}$	
Ventilation and temperature		• • •		8	
Facilities for Meals				4	
Lighting		• • •			
~-b	• • •	• • •			

### (c) (iv) Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933.

The listed sellers on the Register under the above Act is 337. During the year 410 inspections of these premises were made.

### (c) (v) Swimming Baths and Pools.

10 samples of water from the public swimming baths in the Borough have been taken during the year. The analyses of these samples were consistently good throughout the year, and the bathers have been able to enjoy a highly satisfactory bath water.

### (c) (vi) Eradication of Bed Bugs.

During the year 20 Corporation houses were found to be infested with bugs. All the houses were treated with D.D.T. or other insecticide.

In the case of rehousing of families into Corporation houses, the furniture and bedding from 183 houses was disinfested.

In the case of privately-owned houses 45 cases of bug infestation were investigated and treated by D.D.T. or other insecticide.

### (c) (vii) Premises and Occupations which can be controlled by Byelaws or Regulations.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES. There are 2 Common Lodging Houses in the Borough, to which 63 visits were paid during the year.

BAKEHOUSES. There are 96 bakehouses (5 of which are underground), to which 260 visits were made in the course of the year.

OFFENSIVE TRADES. There are in the Borough 18 premises in which one or other of the offensive trades are carried on, and 46 visits were made to these premises during the year.

FAIRS AND WAKES AND TRAVELLING VANS. In connection with fairs and vans, 10 caravans used as dwelling houses were inspected.

### (c) (viii) Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

18,149 visits of inspection were made under the above Act, advice and assistance was given to the persons concerned as to the safest means of destruction in the various cases. It is known that a large number of rats were destroyed.

Number of premises inspected	• • •	• • •	11,508
Number of visits			23,711
Number of premises found infested			588
Number of premises treated			
Number of block control schemes		• • •	94
Number of notices served			****
Legal proceedings taken			

### (c) (ix) Rag Flocks and other Filling Materials Act, 1951.

51 visits were made to works in order to ascertain that no infringement of the provisions relating to rag flock was taking place.

### (c) (x) Smoke Abatement.

A total of 274 smoke observations and visits to boiler plants have been made during the year and advice and assistance has been given where necessary.

There were no prosecutions during the year in respect of the emission of excessive smoke.

Instruments to measure the extent of atmospheric pollution are situated in different parts of the town and the following table shows the monthly average pollution at the sites in use.

Station	Rain m.m.	Insoluble Deposits Tons	Soluble Deposits per Square	Total Solids Mile	$SO_3$ $mg/day/$ $1,000~cm^2$ $of~batch~A$ $Lead$ $Peroxide$
Cheadle Heath Georges Road Portwood	$ \begin{array}{r} 44.33 \\ 39.0 \\ 54.3 \end{array} $	6.28 $12.81$ $38.05$	$5.44 \\ 7.94 \\ 9.69$	11.71 $20.75$ $47.75$	2.84 — 3.18

The question of creating a smokeless zone within the borough received consideration towards the end of the year. It was decided that a survey should take place with a view to making the Brinnington Neighbourhood unit the first smokeless zone. This survey has been carried out by the Sanitary Inspectors and it is hoped to present a report to the Health Committee at an early date.

### (d) Schools.

- (i) Improvements to sanitation have been carried out during the year. Staff w.c.s have been provided at Cale Green and Cheadle Heath Primary Schools, also hot water installations at North Reddish Infant School and Alexandra Park Primary School.
- (ii) No instances of major outbreaks of infectious disease in schools came to the notice of the Health Department during the year.

### (e) Section 47 of the National Assistance Act, 1948.

Action was taken for the compulsory removal to suitable premises of two persons considered to be in need of care and attention. A number of other cases were brought to the notice of this authority and investigated. In certain cases the persons concerned were persuaded to accept institutional care, other cases were referred to the Welfare Officer.

(f) District Sanitary Inspectors' Work.

(i) District Saint		_				
Inspections Made and Nuis						0.0004
TOTAL INSPECTIONS MADE (al				• • •		26604
Total individual properties			all pu	rposes	)	12147
Housing Inspections (under	P.H.	A.)		• • •	• • •	5505
Total individual properties i	nspec	ted	• • •			1712
Other Inspections (under P.H	(A.)		• • •			4046
Courts and Yards			• • •	• • •		178
Dry Ashpits and Dustbins				• • •		69
Drainage	, , , , ,		• • •	• • •	• • •	2938
Water Closets	• • •	• • •		• • •		$\frac{2000}{1392}$
Water Courses	• • •	• • •			• • •	65
Miscellaneous Inspections			• • •	• • •	• • •	1498
			• • •	• • •	• • •	1430
Inspections for Infectious Dise						710
Total Inspections and Vis		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	719
Total houses visited	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	564
Houses disinfected		• • •			• • •	278
Schools, etc., disinfected		• • •				-
COMPLAINTS RECEIVED		• • •		• • •	• • •	1674
Nuisances Found						1804
NUISANCES ABATED (total)		• • •				2362
Water Closets, Ètc.:—						
Water Closets cleansed (b	v Ow	ners)				2
Water Closets cleansed (by						5
Water Closet Pedestals, e						117
Water Supply Pipes or (						LLI
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						42
repaired						T≈
Water Courses Cleansed						4044
Dustbins renewed		т:	• • •	1. 1		4944
Houses Cleansed, Re-pape						5
Sink Waste Pipes Renewe		-				38
Downspouts or Eaves Gutte						288
House Drains Tested						371
House Drains and Drains						
structed or Repaired				• • •		160
Gully Traps Fixed						2
Soilpipes and Ventilating	Shaft:	s Erec	cted			4
Yards, Courts or Passages					ired	3
Yards, Courts or Passages						1
Yards, Courts or Passages						1
Animals Improperly Kept-	-Rem	noved		1-1-1		2
Accumulations Removed						$13\overset{\sim}{3}$
Houses where Structural Re						1206
Miscellaneous Nuisances	-					211
	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	211
NOTICES SERVED:—						1914
Preliminary						1314
Statutory						408
January 1st, 1953. Statute						406
December 31st, 1953. Stat	utory	Notic	ces ou	itstand	ing	289
NOTICES COMPLIED WITH:—						
Preliminary		• • •	• • •			1018
Statutory					• • •	525
•						

# COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT YEAR 1953

# (g) FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

## PART I OF THE ACT

1.—INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors) :—

	Occupiers prosecuted (6)				
Number of	Written notices (5)	2	40		42
	Inspections (4)	34	646	14	694
Minnipo	on Register	54	734	ιn	793
71/0	line No.	1	C1	Ф	
	Premises (1)	(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	Total

FACTORIES ACT—Continued

2.—CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND :-

		Number	Number of cases in which defects were found	ich defects were	found	Number of
Particulars	line No.	Found	Remedied	Refe To H.M. Inspector	Referred By H.M. r Inspector	which prosecutions were
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	mstruted (7)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	4	2	2			
Overcrowding (S.2)	ro	1	I			.
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	9	I	1			
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	7	I			1	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	8					
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) insufficient	6	8	5			
(b) unsuitable or defective	10	82	80	_	ıc	
(c) not separate for sexes	11	6	5		ı	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	12	2	8	10		
Total		86	100	10	3	l

FACTORIES ACT—Continued

# PART VIII OF THE ACT

### OUTWORK

(Sections 110 and 111)

No. of No. of No. of No. of No. of No. of Interest of Work of No. of Interest of Work in August No. of No. of Interest of No. of Interest of No. of Interest of Interest No. of No. of Interest No. of No. of Interest Interest Interest Interest Interest No. of No. of Work in Served Interest		THE STREET, ST	A PARTY CONTACT OF THE PARTY OF				and the state of t	
M/c         No. of in August line         No. of out-workers         No. of of cases of instances instances         No. of work in line list required line for line list required lists to the council (2)         No. of work in served lists to the council (3)         No. of work in lists to the lists to the lists to the council (4)         No. of work in lists to work in lists to the lists list				Section 110			Section 111	
M/c         in August         default default line         for unwholesome line         of work in served lines         Notices           Inc. by Sect. (2)         lists to the lists to the lists to the supply lists         supply lists         premises           (2)         (3)         (4)         (5)         (6)         (7)           (3)         (4)         (6)         (7)         (7)           shing         14         —         —         —           ming         14         —         —			No. of out-workers	No. of cases of	No. of prosecutions	No. of instances		
Ine   list required   in sending   failure to   unwholesome   served	ure of Work	M/c	in August	default	for	of work in	Notices	Prosecutions
No.   Dy Sect.   11sts to the   Supply lists   Premises		line	list required	in sending	failure to	unwholesome	served	
thing 14 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		o Z	by Sect. 110 (1) (c)	lists to the Council	supply lists	premises		
hing 14 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)
shing 14	Making, etc	13	. 94					
	Cleaning, washing	14			I			I
	, S				I	I		
	Total		94					



SECTION III.

Housing

### SECTION III.

### Housing.

### (a) New Houses.

I give below particulars of the houses built, or in course of building at the end of the year:—

No. of Houses erected during the year ended 31st December, 1953, by private enterprise	156
No. of Houses in course of erection by private enterprise 31st December, 1953	233
No. of Houses erected by the Corporation during the year ended 31st December, 1953	433
No. of Houses in course of erection by the Corporation, 31st December, 1953	326

### (b) Ward Distribution of New Houses.

Number of houses erected in the various Wards of the Borough during the year ended 31st December, 1953:—

	Private				
Ward.	Enterpris	se.	Corporat	ion.	Total.
Portwood No. 1	1		340		341
St. Mary's, 2			8		8
Vernon, 3	12				12
Hempshaw Lane, 4					
St. Thomas's ,, 5					
Cale Green, 6	1				1
Heaviley, 7	20				20
Davenport, 8					
Shaw Heath, 9	<del></del>				
Edgeley, 10	—				<del></del>
Hollywood, 11	4		6		10
Heaton Lane, 12					
Heaton Norris South,, 13			21		21
Heaton Norris North,, 14	61				61
Old Road, 15					
Lancashire Hill ,, 16	6				6
Reddish South, 17	41		20		61
Reddish North, 18	10		38		48
T 1	150		400		5.00
Totals	156		433	0 0 0	589

(c) Number of houses built by the Corporation and Private Enterprise during the last few years.

NUMBER OF HOUSES COMPLETED.

YEAR.	1/1	UMBER OF HO	JUSES	COMPLETI	ED.	
IEAK.		By Private Enterprise.	Bv	Corporation	on.	Total.
1920		•				
1921	• • .	77	• • •	I 47	• • •	224
1922	• • •	125	٠		• • 4	125
1923		176			• • •	176
1924	• •	24 I	• • •		• • •	24 I
1925		405	• • •		• • •	405
1926		335	• • •		• • •	335
1927		330		20	• • •	350
1928		333		54	• • •	387
1929		294	• • •	128	• • •	422
1930		233	• • •	I 74.	• • •	407
1931		468	• • •	332	• • •	800
1932	• • •	47 [	• • •	106	• • •	577
1933	• • •	670		514	• • •	1184
1934	• • •	1514		5 I	• • •	1565
1935		1255		270	• • •	1525
1936	• • •	1443		110		1553
1937	• • •	1392	• • •	140	• • •	1532
1938		1088		162		1250
1939		875	• • •	144	• • •	1019
1940		75				75
1941		17				17
1942		6	• • •	-	• • •	6
1943	• • •					
1944			0 7 0			
1945		4				4
1946		I 4 I	• • •	188	• • •	329
1947		91	n • •	261		352
1948		13		355		368
1949		36		401	• • •	437
1950		82		181		263
1951	• • •	73	• • •	305		378
1952		8 1		532		613
1953		156		433	• • •	589
		12500		5008		17508

(d) TYPES OF HOUSES BUILT BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY

1				Total	101	19	20	27	341	118	214	089	64	31	20	270	408	172	<del>7</del> 9	120	194	00°	00	99	701	728	0.9	40	œ	36	[- (	12 34 46
	Temborary	Houses		2 Bedrooms		l			1	l	l	1	1	1	l	l	l	l	1	l	1:	66		l		l	1	l		1		
	Bungalows	Dangaroas	Non- Parlour	Bedroom		1	1	l	1	l	1	l	1	l	l		l	l	l	1	l		l	l	l			l	l	1	l	
		41	Non- Parlour	Bedroom	l		1	l	ಣ	1	l	l	1	l	1	36	16	1		96	l			l		l	1	'	xo	1	1	!
	r lats	42	Non- Parlour	2 Bedrooms		1	1		20	1	40	08	1	l	l	l	9	1	l	l	1	1			l	l	1		l	1	l	
		A3	Non- Parlour	3 Bedrooms		1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	l	1	1	l	1	1	1			l	l	1		l	1		!	l	l	1.!
		A2	Non- Parlour	2 Bedrooms		1	20	1	92		1	1	1	1		l	l	1	l	'	ာ	l			¢	70	200	වර	l		`	e
		A3	Non- Parlour	3 Bedrooms		16	1	က	122	118	174	009	64	56	13	176	102	131	47	42.24	138			થ	ָ נ	77	0 1	•	l		¢	ا ور
		B2	Parlour	2 Bedrooms		1	l	1	l	l	l	1	1	l	1	1	l		l	l	l	l			1	l	l	l		1	~	4
		B3	Parlour	3 Bedrooms	101	l		24	40	1	1	1	1	l	1	1	259		l	l		W	00	200	071	l	l		6	36	•	34
		B4	Parlour	Bedrooms	l	ಣ	1	l	]				l			1		l				[		10	) F	4			1			
		44	Non- Parlour	Bedrooms	1	1	1	1	1	l	l		1,	ರ	ţ~		52.5	4T	7.1	06	000			6	9 GY	91		l		l		
		A5	Non- Parlour	Bedrooms	1	1	1	1	l	l		l	1		l		l	1	l	0	ر در			l					l	l		l lo
		Site			Dial House	Cheadle Heath No. 1	Cheadle Heath No. 2	Hageley	Didsbury Road	Cillenon Street	Reddish Road	Bates Ley (Garners Lane)	Lancashire Hill	School Street	Jowett Street	Stockport Road	Ad	Adswood HallHuntsman Brown	Woodboll Dood	Woodilaii Road	Whitehill Estate	Wharfedale Estate	Houldsworth Estate No. 1	Houldsworth Estate No. 2	Houldsworth Fratte No 3	Houldsworth Estate No. 4	Houldsworth Estate No. 5	Houldsworth Estate No. 7	Knypersley Amenie	Hollymount Road	Grasmere Avenue	Magda Road

Total5008 Bungalows Temporary Houses Bedrooms 66 Non-Parlour BedroomNon-Parlour Bedrooms Bedroom  $A_1$ 232Non-Parlour 357 Non-Parlour 3 Bedrooms A336 Non-Parlour 2 Bedrooms A2588 Non-Parlour Bedrooms A32399 Parlour 2 Bedrooms B210 Parlour 3 Bedrooms B31002Bedrooms Parlour 4 B4Bedrooms Non-Parlour 234 Non-Parlour 5 Bedrooms Clovelly Road....Fernley Road.... Lowndes Lane.
Warwick Road.
Canal Bridge No. 1
Canal Bridge No. 2
Canal Bridge No. 3 Brinnington No. 1.

Brinnington No. 2.

Brinnington No. 3.

Brinnington No. 5. Hilda Grove.....Sterndale Road.....Woodlands Estate.... The Mount, Brinnington. Hampshire House..... Totals..... Nangreave Road..... Dial Park Road..... Brinnington No. 9..... Brinnington No. 10..... Brinnington No. 11..... Brindale House..... Nelstrop Road No. 1.... Nelstrop Road No. 2.... Stanton Gardens..... Covent Gardens..... Swythamley Road..... Carnforth Road..... Chorlton Grove..... Site

	(e)	WORK UNDERTAKEN IN THE BOROUGH	
1.	Inspect	ion of Dwelling-houses during the year.	
	(b)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) Number of inspections made for the purpose Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above, which were inspected and	5406 13287
	(h)	recorded under the Housing Consolidation Regulations, 1925 and 1932)  Number of inspections made for the purpose	61 131
	(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	61
	(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	1284
2.		of defects during the year without service of	
	Formal	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	1345
3.	Action A.	under Statutory Powers during the year. Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
	, ,	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:—  By Owners	Nil
	` ′	By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nıl
	<b>B.</b>	Proceedings under Public Health Acts.	
	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	342
	(a) (b)	By Owners	367 2
	C.	Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil

(2)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders 21
D.	Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936.
(1)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made
(2)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit Nil
(f)	Housing Act, 1936—Overcrowding.
(	(a) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year 232 families dwelling therein 332
	,, families dwelling therein 332 ,, persons dwelling therein (equivalent number of adults 1611½
·	b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year 11
(	c) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year 11  Number of persons concerned in such cases (equivalent number of adults) 44½
(	d) Number of cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Corporation had taken steps for the abatement of over-
	crowding Nil
107	Slum Clearance.
	During the year slum clearance was resumed, and an area fronting on to Chatham Street, Bowdon Street and York Street was scheduled for clearance and development. The area had previously been the subject of a Compulsory Purchase Order in 1938 but owing to the outbreak of war the Order had not been confirmed by the Minister of Health. A public inquiry into the Council's proposals involving the demolition of 60 dwellings, 9 of which were unoccupied, was held in the Town Hall on the 7th June, 1953. The Order, known as the York Street Compulsory Purchase Order, 1953, was subsequently confirmed by the Minister of Housing and Local Government in August, 1953.



SECTION IV.

# Inspection and Supervision of Food

### SECTION IV.

### Inspection and Supervision of Food.

### (a) MILK SUPPLY.

### (i) Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949.

There are 20 cowsheds and 38 dairies in the Borough. 51 persons deliver milk in Stockport, and 562 are registered as distributors of graded milk in sealed bottles.

During the year 567 visits of inspection have been made to these premises and as a result many alterations and repairs have been effected.

### (ii) Milk Including (Special Designations) Regulations, 1949/53.

During the year 526 samples of milk have been procured and tested as follows:—

Tests Applied	Total N of Tests	No. No. Sat s. factory	tis- No. Un- satisfactory
RAW MILK.  Methylene Blue Reduction Test	15	10	5
HEAT TREATED MILK.	<b>*</b> 0	× 0	
Methylene Reduction Test	50	50	
Phosphatase Test	316	315	1
Turbidity Test	145	145	
TOTAL	526	520	6

During the year 5 samples of milk were taken and examined for tuberculosis infection, all of which were negative.

### (b) MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

During the year 878 visits of inspection to slaughter-houses were made, as compared with 953 during the previous year.

The vehicles used for the transport of meat have been maintained in a satisfactory condition.

A total of 5,056 inspections have been made to premises used for the preparation, storage, and sale of food.

359 premises are registered for the manufacture, storage, or sale of ice-cream and these have received regular supervision during the past year.

During the year the Ministry of Food announced a change in the method of disposal of condemned meat and offal. In lieu of inviting tenders the meat is now sold by auction.

Disposal of the other foods, including canned goods, is by tipping at the Corporation's refuse tip under the supervision of the Cleansing Department.

### Special Examination of Consignments.

Full details of unsound food found to be unfit for human consumption on page 44. No large consignment affected.

### Lectures on Food Hygiene.

Lectures to food traders have again been given by the Chief Sanitary Inspector at the Technical College. Talks on food hygiene to a number of local bodies and organisations have also been given.

### Total Number of Food Premises.

A detailed register of all individual premises is not yet available. The total number of visits of inspection to all food premises during the year was 5,056.

The following is a summary of the unsound meat and other foods dealt with, and subsequently collected by the Ministry of Food, or otherwise destroyed.

### CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

					S. 10.100 1.00 1.00
	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number Killed	3093	3100	3522	24202	5599
Number Inspected	3093	3100	3522	24202	5599
All Diseases except Tuberculosis					
Whole Carcases Condemned	7	11	37	29	26
Carcases of which some part or organ was Condemned	713	1311	2	852	277
Percentage of the number Inspected affected with Disease other than Tuberculosis	23.23	42.64	1.17	3.64	5.41
Tuberculosis only					
Whole Carcases Condemned	10	57	24	_	6
Carcases of which some part or organ was Condemned	492	1378	_		376
Percentage of the number Inspected affected with Tuberculosis	16.23	46.29	.68		7.84

Other foods examined and found to be unfit for human

consumption:—				Tons.	Cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	ozs.
Ham					14	0	24	1
Beef					12	2	27	9
Tongue	0 0 0		• • •	gambaya ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang an	5	0	2	2
Luncheon Meat		• • •	• • •		2	2	5	7
Sheeps Heart	e + s					3	8	0
Jellied Veal					3	0	27	4
Pork		• • •	• • •		3	2	6	12
Cheese			• • •			1	6	10
Lamb	• • •		• • •			l	2	0
Fish		• • •	• • •		4	$\frac{1}{2}$	14	0
Bacon			• • •		$\frac{1}{2}$	3	13	8
Corned Beef		• • •	• • •	<del></del>	2	1	9	8
Mincemeat		• • •	• • •			1	$\frac{17}{c}$	14
Cooking Fat	0 > 0	0 0 0	• • •			3	. 6	0
Sausages	• • •	• • •	• • •			3	24	0
Apricots	• • •		• • •	Investment of		1	0	0
Sweets	• • •		• • •	etic consistente.		$\frac{1}{2}$	14	0
Bilberries	• • •	• • •	• • •	Tron-ware-salar	**********	3	4	0
Miscellaneous							2	$5\frac{1}{2}$
				2	14	3	19	$0\frac{1}{2}$

Other Unsound or Unwholesome Foods Surrendered:—

247	Packets	 	Cheese.
80	, ,	 • • •	Jelly.
30	, ,	 • • •	Dates.
79	Jars	 • • •	Jam.
	Bars	 	Chocolate.
22	Boxes	 	Sweets.
60	Bottles	 	Orange Squash.
22		 • • •	Pork Pies.
15,918	Tins	 • • n	Meat, Milk, Fruit, Fish,
,		 	Soup, etc.

Total Weight of Meat Surrendered at Adswood Abattoir during 1953; 71 tons, 15 cwts., 1 qr., 9 lbs.

### (c) ADULTERATION.

The following tables show the percentage of adulteration compared with previous years:—

*	1	Total Sample	2.5			Percentage
Year.		analysed.		Adulterate	d.	Adulteration.
1932		326		10		3.07
1933		347	• • •	15		4.32
1934		385	• • •	$\overline{25}$		6.49
1935		400		21		5.25
1936	• • •	417		15		3.59
1937	• • •	416	• • •	4		0.96
1938	• • •	403	• • •	9		$2.\overline{23}$
1939	• • •	405		7		1.73
1940		403	• • •	$\dot{23}$		5.7
1941	• • •	389		$\frac{\tilde{27}}{27}$		6.94
1942	• • •	358	• • •	19		5.31
1943	• • •	360		$\frac{10}{12}$	• • •	3.33
1944		338		14		4.14
$\frac{1945}{1945}$		422		$\frac{1}{25}$	• • •	5.92
1946	• • •	426	• •	$\frac{\sim}{28}$	. • •	$6.5\tilde{7}$
1947		418	• • •	31		7.41
1948	• • •	450	• • •	22		4.88
1949	• • •	423	• • •	$\frac{2}{47}$		11.11
1950	• • •	431	• • •	34	* * 0	7.89
1951	• • •	400	• • •	28		7.00
	4 4 4		• • •		* * *	
1952	• • •	400	• • •	34	• • •	8.50
1953		374		30	• • •	8.02

Analysis of milk samples (included in the above table) compared with previous years:—

YZ o o o		Total Sample	es	Adulter at	od.	Percentage Adulteration.
Year.		analysed.			eu.	
1932		234		5		2.14
1933	• • •	116		3		2.59
1934		136		8		5.88
1935		88	• • •	7		7.95
1936	• • •	34	• • •	3		8.82
1937	• • •	61		3		4.92
1938		78		7	• • •	9.1
1939		94		3	• • 6	3.2
1940		91		12		13.18
1941		89		13		14.61
1942		85		13	۸ . 4	15.29
1943		84		9		10.71
1944		79		10		$12.65^{\circ}$
1945		159		22		13.83
1946		145		21	• • •	14.48
1947		128		21		16.4
1948	0 0 3	119	• • •	11		9.24
1949	• •	167		31		18.56
1950		212	7	24	• • •	11.32
1951		202	3 * *	16		7.92
$\frac{1951}{1952}$		195	• • •	23	• ^ •	11.79
1953	• 0 •	151		13	7 6 6	8.61
1000		alle of alle	•			

### (d) NUTRITION.

The five Empire Marketing Board frames, which became the property of the Corporation in 1934, have been used for posters illustrating various health matters, including nutrition. The classes in Mothercraft and Hygiene in the schools have been continued.

### (e) SHELL FISH (Molluscan).

There are no Shell Fish beds in the Borough.

### (f) FERTILISING AND FEEDING STUFFS ACT.

16 samples were taken under the above Act during the year.

### (g) LEGAL PROCEEDINGS DURING THE YEAR, 1952.

OFFENCE	RESULT	FINE
Public Health Act, 1936— Section 93		
3 cases	Nuisance Order Granted	Costs
l case	ADJ. 28 days withdrawn property closed	
Food and Drugs Act, 1938— Section 38		
Ni1	Nil	Nil

### (h) ICE-CREAM VENDORS.

359 premises are registered for the manufacture, storage or sale of ice-cream.

During the year 234 visits of inspection were made to ice-cream premises.

S
M
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OUTBREAKS
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POISONING
FOOD
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<b>(</b>

Total number of Number of Peaths Cases Deaths  Due to identified agents  Organisms or other agents  Due to identified agents  Of undiscovered cause  Single cases  Total mumber of case outbreaks of each outbreaks of e			TOO I	TOTO TOTO OF THE PROPERTY	
Salmonella Typhi Murium  No Organisms isolated  Salmonella Typhi Murium isolated in one case	Total number of outbreaks	Number of Cases	Number of Deaths	Organisms or other agents responsible with number of outbreaks of each	Foods involved with number of outbreaks of each
ered cause  No Organisms isolated  Salmonella Typhi Murium isolated in one case	Due to identified agents	23		Salmonella Typhi Murium	No particular Food implicated
Salmonella Typhi Murium isolated in one case	Of undiscovered cause	ಣ	1	No Organisms isolated	Stale Fish
	Single cases	22		Salmonella Typhi Murium isolated in one case	Egg (2), Chips (3), Steak and Kidney (2), Chopped Ham, Meat, Sausage, Tongue, Potted Meat, Corned Beef, Mussles, Meat and Potato Pie.  No Particular Food implicated in 7 cases.

A considerable amount of investigation has been carried out in connection with alleged food poisoning cases, but only in three cases was it possible to have Bacteriological Examinations conducted, this was due to the fact that the suspected food had been disposed of by the time that investigations commenced.



### SECTION V.

Prevalence of, and Control over, Infections and other Diseases

### SECTION V.

### Prevalence of, and Control over, Infectious and other Diseases

### (a) NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

The total number of cases of infectious disease, including Tuberculosis, notified during 1953, was 2,331, as compared with 2,417 for 1952, and 2,222 during 1951.

### Smallpox.

There were no cases of smallpox notified during the year.

### Scarlet Fever.

322 cases were notified in 1953, as compared with 479 in 1952. No deaths were reported.

### Diphtheria.

For the third year in succession, no cases of Diphtheria were notified. The accompanying table shows the remarkable decline in the incidence of Diphtheria over the past few years, due in no small measure to the immunisation campaign which has been carried on continuously during this period. (See page 54 for details).

	Number of	Number of
Year	Cases	Deaths
1939	218	9
1940	516	28
1941	536	37
1942	520	22
1943	399	13
1944	154	6
1945	92	3
1946	25	1
1947	20	
1948	22	
1949	6	P
1950	3	
1951	_	
1952		
1953	<del></del>	

### Measles and Whooping Cough.

1,374 cases of Measles and 276 of Whooping Cough were notified during the year, as compared with 1,259 and 390 respectively for 1952. There was one death from Whooping Cough during 1953.

### Poliomyelitis.

Only one case was notified during 1953, this was treated at Cherry Tree Hospital and discharged as cured.

### Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers.

No cases of Typhoid Fever (Para B) were notified during 1953.

### Terminal Disinfection.

Terminal Disinfection in cases of infectious disease was discontinued in March, 1950, with the exception of smallpox, tuberculosis, and the enteric fevers. This has not resulted in any significant increase in the infectious disease rates. The disinfection of library books is still carried out in order to comply with Section 155 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

Terminal Disinfection is also carried out in certain cases of non-infectious disease, when requested, a charge of 10s. 6d. being made, except in the case of cancer.

### Food Poisoning.

During 1953, 27 notifications in respect of Food Poisoning were received.

### Neoplasm.

348 deaths from Neoplasms were recorded during the year—175 males and 173 females.

1	2	sb'wqU & 88		4
		99-97		-
		35—45		
	qs	26—35		
	periods	15—20		
	age p	51—01		
	at a	91—3		
		<u>9—</u> ₹		
	Deaths	<b>₽</b> —8		•
		£—2		·
×		2—1		
IAR		I—		3
SUMMARY	sц	Total Deat		6
S		Cases treated Other Hospi		128
1953.	.qsoI	Cases admitte Cherry Tree F	.167	306
		sb'wqU 28 c8		16
EASES,		\$9 <b>—</b> \$\$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000$	41
SEA		35—45		46
DIS		26—02	.46.9122	145
OUS	-Year	15—20	3172	43]1
CTI		51-01		83
INFECTIOUS	ages	61—5	167 7 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	817
	At	S—4	212	297
NOTIFIABLE		₹—E	20443	285
TIF		2—3	.1	283
NO		z—1	$\frac{130}{1}$	98   177   283   285
		I—	4	98
	sə:	rso latoT beiliton	322 122 172 1374 276 44 6 7 12 12 12 13 14 12 13 14 14 15 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	2331   98   Hosnital
		DISEASE	Smallpox. Scarlet Fever. Diphtheria. Paratyphoid Fever. Puerperal Pyrexia. Erysipelas. Measles. Whooping Cough. Acute Primary Pneumonia. Acute Primary Pneumonia. Dysentery. Ophthalmia Neonatorum. Encephalitis Lethargica Acute Infective Encephalitis Meningococcal Infections Acute Poliomyelitis. Food Poisoning. Tuberculosis.—Pulmonary	Totals

\* Stepping Hill Hospital † 4 Stepping Hill Hospital, 1 Booth Hall Hospital § Ladywell Hospital

The seasonal prevalence of these various diseases is indicated in the following table which shows the notifications received in the different months of the year.

Dec.	• (	$\infty$	•	:	10			34	1 4			8	•	:	•			_	6	•	98
Nov.	• •	Ĭ	:	:	12	_	01	15	<u></u>	:	•	•	:	•	•	<b>→</b>	•	4	6		59
Oct.	• 6	23	:	•	10	:	:	S	•	•	•		•	•	<u> </u>	•	•	7	13	:	55
Sept.	• •		:	:		:	•	33	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7	7	:	64
Aug.	:	n	:	•	16	7	:	24	<u>-</u>	•	:	:	•	•	•	•	•	_	က		57
July	• •	L <sub>y</sub>	•	•	11	<del></del>	11	48	က	•	•	4	•	•	•	7		<b>∞</b>	∞	61	118
June	. 0	27	:	•	15		11	23	61	•	•	w	•	•	•	7	•	က	$\infty$	•	93
May	1:		•	• ;	<b>∞</b>	7	16	23	က	•	•		•	٠	•	7	•	4	11	•	87
Apr.	• =	1.4 	:	• (	$\infty$	4	52	30	က	•	•	က	:	•	•		•		က	•	119
Mar.		980	•	• 1	S	61	200	18	က	<u></u>	•		:	•	•	01	•	•	10	<u> </u>	288
Feb.	::	1/	•	• (	10	01	533	12	7	4	•	•	•	•	:	•	•			61	649
Jan.	. [	/0	:	•	=	<u>-</u>	549	11	S	<del>,</del> (	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	10	•	656
DISEASE	Smallpox	Scarlet Fever	Diphtneria	Paratyphoid Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Erysipelas	Measles	Whooping Cough	Acute Primary Pneumonia	Acute Influenzal Pneumonia	Malaria	Dysentery	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Encephalitis Lethargica	Acute Infective Encephalitis	Meningococcal Infections	Acute Poliomyelitis	Food Poisoning	Tuberculosis—Pulmonary	". —Other Forms	Totals

### (b) DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

The comprehensive statement opposite shows the number of children immunised during the period 1933-1953:—

### DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

### Persons inoculated each year from 1933 — 1953

Age in years on 31st December	1933		1934		193		19	936		937	193		1939		1940	1	941	1	1942	19	43	19	14	1945		1946		1947		1948		949		950	19			52	19		
of corresponding year.	N.C.	P.I. 2	v.C. P.	.1.   N	v.c.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.   1	N.C. P.	I.   N.C	1.q	. N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C. I	P.I.   2	N.C. P.	I.   N	.C. P.I.	. N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.1.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	
0		2	5		13		20	5	18				178 4					-		~		169		197		614		010			1031						947	,			
1	52	13	28	7	85	21	127	31	121	30	323	81	254	33 45	5 114	450	112	1168	292	842		1023		1115		787	3	592	572		479		383		446		361		319		Total inoculated aged u years on 31st Decembe
2—					14				21		56					_		_		102				137		100		78			84		91	1	93		87	1	80		New Cases
3			-	1	12			4		4			23		7 4			-		95			•••	63		92		33 2	4	14	·		35	·	46	2	64	3	35	1	
			<u> </u>	-													_			_																110		260		247	Total Immunisations
4—		••	9 .		27	-	33		31				55											133					1												<b>1</b>
5—	- 56	• •	31 .	·	71		81		51 ———	13	161	40	33	8 13	8 34	1394	348	249	62	385	96	128	32	143																	
6—	- 34		18 .		43		49	•••	38		97	24	14	4 7	2 18	869	217	117	29	234	59	87	21	71	17	161 7	76	52 106	28	45	179	297	46	195	55 	257	52	226	83	356	
7—	- 25		14 .	.	31		36		28		88		6	2 4	5 12	626	157	64	16	168	42	64	14	45	11	137 7	72	50 71	28	31	125	182	48	143	24	244	26	171	44	115	
8—	- 27	]	15 .	. 0	34		39		31		97	,	10 .	. 5	2 13	687	172	77	19	192	48	30	7	36	9	100 6	32	42 73	12	13	65	219	28	171	26	306	21	103	23	182	Total inoculated aged 5–1 on 31st December, 193
9—	- 29	(	16 .		37		42		33		105		13 .	. 7	3	747	187	90	23	203	51	25	6	26	7	85 5	55	25 74	12	29	113	214	31	178	37	243	25	119	17	259	New Cases Reinforcing Doses
10-	- 22		12 .		28		32		25		80		6 .		9	566	141	78	19	135	34	48	12	24	6	66 7	2	19 62	14	31	98	216	37	171	26	237	20	130	17	273	}
11	- 11		6 .		14		16		13		40		11 .		7	262	66	66	17	62	 15	40	9	28	7	92 7	70	14 57	-1	17	77	198	—— 19	236	17	283	21	171	11	240	Total Immunisations
12-			5 .						10		32		9 .		3			-		61			.1	16		72 5		11 32	_			-		153			18			124	
13-											24				5		45	-		44					_	78 3		9 32			65	<u> </u>					25				
			4 .		8			• •					<del>7</del> .					_		-				8			_		_												
14-			<u>2</u> .	-	6		6				16	··	5 .	-	6	122	30	26	7	22	ə	9	2	<u> </u>	3	49 1	8	11 19	19	3	42					Ļ					
15-	-	• •	•••••	-	••			•••	• •			··		-	• ••		• •		• • •		•••	112	28	7	1	23	4	3 4	3	1	10	36	18	73	13	77	8	44	10	67	
16 -				•	• •				••		••	··_ _			• ••				• • •								·								9	3		••			Total inoculated aged 10 and over on 31st Dec
Total of New Cases and Reinforcing Doses	321	15	175	9	434	31	543	54	450	65	1297	203	657 1-	19 125	1 262	6606	1650	3177	702	2857	470	2016	179	2061	136 2	2825 86	66 2	190 889	2313	480	2730	2320	1868	2264	2039	3206	1929	2086	1755	2662	1953. New Cases Reinforcing Doses
GRAND TOTAL EACH YEAR	. 336		184		463	,	.51	97	51	15	1500		806		1513	8	256	3	8879	33	327	219	95	2197		3691		3079	9	2793	50	150	41	39	52-	15	401	5	4.1	17	Total Immunisations
OKAND TOTAL TAKEN TEAK	330	1	104								1000				1010							1 213	, 3	2137		0031					30	30	+1.	92	32.	10	401				
V C = Vew Cases												GRAN	D Total	OF CH	ILDREN	IMMUN	ISED	1933—	1953																						

N.C. = New Cases.
P I. = Previously Immunised
(Reinforcing Doses)

GRAND TOTAL .. .. .. .. 58,192

under 5 iber, 1953. . . 6,612 . . 252

5–15 years 1953. 

d 16 years December,



### (c) VACCINATION

In accordance with a Ministry recommendation, the Vaccination proposals under Section 26 of the National Health Service Act, 1946, have been amended during the period under review, to include arrangements for the vaccination and revaccination of certain classes of workers, as may be decided by the authority, either in individual cases by general practitioner or

at specially arranged sessions.

During the past year the number of vaccinations and revaccinations performed in the Borough have shown a large increase compared with the previous year. An outbreak of smallpox in Lancashire was in the main responsible for these increases. Propaganda has been maintained throughout the year by means of posters, leaflets and personal persuasion by Medical and Nursing Staffs at Child Welfare Clinics. In spite of all efforts the response is still unsatisfactory and there is still room for considerable improvement, particularly in the case of children under one year.

Vaccinations and Inoculations have also been carried out by the Medical Staff of the Health Department to meet the requirements of business representatives travelling abroad on behalf of

their employers.

Details of the number of vaccinations performed during 1953 are given below:—

Age at date of Vaccination	Under 1	1	2–4	5–14	15 and over	Total
Vaccinated Re-vaccinated		48	56 8	111 48	226 481	1270 537
Totals	829	48	64	159	707	1807

* Number of vaccinations or re-vaccinations performed by	
Medical Practitioners	666
Number of vaccinations or re-vaccinations performed	
at Infant Welfare Centres, etc	766
Number of vaccinations performed by Medical Staff	
of the Health Department	375
In addition, the undermentioned inoculations were also	per-
formed by the Medical Staff of the Health Department.	
T.A.B. Vaccine	22
Cholera Vaccine	31
Typhus Vaccine	1
	4 1

No cases of generalised vaccinia, post vaccinal Encephalomyelitis or deaths from other complications were reported during 1953.

The total amount of fees paid to Medical Practitioners in respect of vaccinations performed in 1953 was £149 5s. 0d.

The arrangements for vaccinations are the same as in previous years.

(d) TUBERCULOSIS

# PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1952

PART I.—Summary of notifications of Tuberculosis during the period from the 1st January, 1953, to the 31st December, 1953, in the County Borough of Stockport.

		Total (all ages)	51 47 3
		75—	
	ulosis	65—	cı
	Tuberc	55—	67
	lary Notifications of new cases of Tuberculosis	45—	98   1
cations	f new c	35—	111 5
Formal Notifications	ations o	25—	6 12 
Formal	Notific	20—	40-
	rimary	15—	41.8
	Number of Prim	10—	0.6
	Numb	5—	4 rc
		2—	0100
		1	-
		<b>-</b> 0	
		AGE PERIODS	Respiratory, Males Respiratory, Females Non-Respiratory, Males Non-Respiratory, Females.

PART II.—New cases of Tuberculosis coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the period from the 1st January, 1953, to the 31st December, 1953, otherwise than by formal notification.

Number of cases in Age Groups	1— 2— 5— 10— 15— 20— 25— 35— 45— 55— 65— 75— TOTAL	- 1 2 1 4 (A)	(C) (B) (A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	1 (A) 	
		Respiratory M  Non-Respiratory M	Respiratory M	Respiratory M  Non-Respiratory M	Respiratory M Non-Respiratory M
SOURCE	OF INFORMATION	Death Returns from Local Registrars	Death Returns from Registrar General (Transferable Deaths)	Posthumous Notifications	"Transfers" from other Areas (excluding transferable deaths)

Totals (A) 8 (B) 6 (C) 2 (D) 1

PART III.—Notification Register

	Lotat	1103	1 7 24 20 3
	Total	305	-04   -
Non-Pulmonary	Females	152	
Z	Males	153	1-00
	Total	798	20 20 20
Pulmonary	Females	363	
	Males	435	 13 12 1
Number of cases of Tuberculosis	1953, on the Register of Notifi-	Officer of Health	Number of cases removed from the Register during the year by reason inter alia of:—  1. Withdrawal of notification 2. Recovery from the disease 3. Deaths (All Causes) 4. Outward Transfers 5. Otherwise (Lost Sight of, etc.)

### (e) BURIAL OF UNCLAIMED BODIES.

During the year the Local Health Authority undertook the burial arrangements in respect of six male adults.

The cost of all the funerals was borne initially by the Corporation, but in one case the costs were partly offset by the payment of a proportion of the Death Grant by the Ministry of National Insurance, and in three of the cases, part of the cost was recovered from the estate of the deceased persons. In the sixth case there is a claim against Insurance Policies awaiting a decision of the Industrial Assurance Commission.

The financial responsibility for this particular service should gradually reduce as the Death Grant becomes payable in more cases.

The Hospital Management Committee has power to arrange and pay for the funerals of unclaimed bodies, where such deaths occur in hospital.

### (f) WELFARE OF THE BLIND.

The Council's responsibility under the provisions of the National Assistance Act, 1948, for the Welfare of the Blind and other Classes of Handicapped Persons, is exercised through the Welfare Committee, under a scheme approved by the Minister of Health on the 27th May, 1949.

The number of blind and partially-sighted persons on the register in the Borough on the 31st March, 1954, was 271 and 24 respectively. All persons before registration are examined and certified to be blind or partially-sighted by a registered medical practitioner with special experience in ophthalmology.

Blind persons are taught to read books in Braille and Moon Type by two Home Teachers who have passed the examination of the College of Teachers of the Blind. These teachers, appointed by the Welfare Committee, also assist blind persons in pastime occupations and generally help to promote their welfare.

Under an agreement with the Local Institute for the Blind, arrangements have been made for the employment of suitable blind persons in the workshops for the blind, provided by this voluntary organisation. The earnings of persons thus employed are augmented by the Welfare Committee.

Facilities are available for blind persons to carry out work in their own homes.

Stockport participates in a "Placement Service" organised by the Royal National Institute for the Blind. Under this scheme the capabilities of each blind person are assessed and suitable cases are referred to an appropriate centre for rehabilitation, followed by a course of industrial training. The Special Placement Officers of the Institute, in co-operation with the Local Authority's Chief Welfare Officer and the Ministry of Labour, endeavour to classify the person as suitable for open industry or sheltered

employment. Persons placed in open industry become self-reliant and self-supporting. For those less capable, employment in special workshops is found. These persons do not compete with the sighted worker and their earnings are augmented up to a reasonable standard by the Welfare Committee.

The general social welfare of the blind is provided directly by the Welfare Committee or by arrangements with the various local and national organisations. Blind persons are assisted and encouraged to make use of any general and preventive medical treatment which they may require. Embossed literature is provided, social and handicraft classes are held and a special chiropody and domestic help service is provided.

The following table prepared in accordance with Ministry of Health Circular 2/53 dated 22nd January, 1953, gives details of the incidence and follow-up of blind and partially-sighted persons in the Borough during 1953.

Newly Registered Blind Persons ... ... 37
Newly Registered Partially-sighted Persons ... 8

45

### A. Follow-up of Registered Blind and Partially Sighted Persons.

(1) Number of Cases	Cause of Disability					
registered during the year in respect of which para. 7 (c) of Forms B.D.8 recommends:—	Cataract	Glaucoma	Retrolental Fibroplasia	Others	Total	
(a) No treatment	8	4		14	26	
(b) Treatment (medical, surgical or optical)	9			7	16	
(2) Number of Cases at (1) (b) above which on follow-up action have received treatment.	4			6	10	

Note.—Of the 45 Newly Registered Cases three died during the year.

### B. Ophthalmia Neonatorum

- (1) Total number of cases notified during the year Nil
- (2) Number of cases in which—
  - (a) Vision lost
  - (b) Vision impaired
  - (c) Treatment continuing at end of year ... Nil

### (g) SPASTICS AND EPILEPTICS

Investigation into the problem of the incidence of cerebral palsy and epilepsy has not been very fruitful, and the figures in the tables below must be taken as approximate.

In order to assess the position as accurately as possible, Hospitals, Clinics, Ministry of Labour, Ministry of National Insurance and the Juvenile Employment Bureau have been contacted, but unfortunately the information available in these departments is of such a confidential nature that it is not disclosed even to Public Health Departments, so that in order to augment our Infant Welfare and School Clinic records, a circular letter to the General Practitioners was sent out asking for their co-operation in helping us to assess the problem. Even here, the response has not been very enthusiastic as practitioners are loath to hand over particulars of their patients to Local Authorities.

There is no doubt that there is a tremendous wealth of information in relation to the incidence of sickness in the hands of the Ministry of National Insurance, and it seems that if a means of more accurate certification was evolved, e.g. coding of diseases, and such information was made available to the Medical Officer of Health, he could have a very accurate picture of the incidence of any disease in his own area at any particular time.

It is apparent from the difficulties encountered during the process of this investigation, that in order to assess the problems for the care of spastic and epileptic persons, some form of registration is desirable.

### Incidence of Spastics.

			Male	Female	Total
Under 5 years	• • • •		4	2	6
5 to 15 years		)	17	21	38
15 and over		****	8	5	13
Totals	• • • •		29	28	57

Clinical and diagnostic services are available at the Duchess of York Hospital for Babies, Manchester; Stockport Infirmary and Stepping Hill Hospital Paedriatic Clinics; Marple Orthopaedic Hospital; and the Royal Manchester Children's Hospital, Pendlebury. A full-time Physiotherapist is employed in the Maternity and Child Welfare Department and her services are available for the treatment of spastics as and when required. A full-time speech therapist is employed by the Education Department and she undertakes work in connection with spastic children.

The undermentioned institutions are at present being utilised by the Education Committee:—

	Male	Female
Burton Hill House, Malmsbury		1
	1	
The state of the s	1	
Total	2	- 1

Discussions have taken place between the local branch of the National Spastic Association and it is hoped that the Local Authority will be able to assist this Society by permitting them the use of Local Authority premises rent free.

### Incidence of Epilepsy.

			Male	Female	Total
Under 5 years		····,	6	3	9
5 to 15 years	• • • •		22	18	40
15 and over	• • • •		32	23	55
Totals	• • • •	••••	60	44	104

Diagnostic and treatment services are available for epileptic children under school age, at the Duchess of York Hospital, Manchester; Stockport Infirmary; Stepping Hill Hospital, and the Royal Manchester Children's Hospital, Pendlebury. Treatment is also arranged at the Manchester Royal Infirmary Neurological Unit which is one of the best equipped departments in the country.

At the present time, colony care is being provided by the Education Committee for epileptic persons of school age, as follows:—

	1	Maie	Female
Maghull Epileptic Colony	• •	1	Service and the service and th
St. Elizabeth's Home for Epileptics	7 0		1
Lingfield Epileptic Colony		1	******
Total .		2	1

Colony provision for adult persons suffering from epilepsy is undertaken by the Welfare Committee, and at present ten persons are accommodated in the undermentioned institutions:—

	Male	Female
David Lewis Epileptic Colony, Alderley Edge	3	4
Maghull Epileptic Colony	-	1
Langho Epileptic Colony, Blackburn	2	******
		·
Total	5	5

### SECTION VI.

# Maternity and Child Welfare

### SECTION VI.

### Maternity and Child Welfare.

### (A) GENERAL.

### (a) Notification of Births.

2,963 births were notified. This number of notifications shows an increase of 100 on those for 1952. The following table shows where these births occurred:—

Place of Birth IN INSTITUTIONS.	Во	rough Cases.	Cases outside Borough.	Total.
Stepping Hill Hospital Nursing Homes		1188 86	$\begin{array}{c} 711 \\ 93 \end{array}$	1899 179
Total		1274	804	2078
Ат Номе.				
	••••	882 1		882
Maternity Nurses		2		2
Other Persons'	• • • •			
Total	0 0 0 1	885		885
Grand Total		2159	804	2963

### (b) Still-Births.

The number of still-births registered belonging to the Borough was 44 of which 38 were legitimate and 6 illegitimate.

### (c) Maternal Deaths.

The number of women who died in, or in consequence of child-birth was 3 which gives a Maternal mortality rate of 1.36 per 1,000 total births.

The cause of death in each of the above cases was as follows:—

Shock, Retained placenta, Pregnancy, Mitral Endocarditis.

Post partum collapse, Post partum Haemorrhage, Superficial laceration of the lower uterine segment following spontaneous delivery.

Vesico-Vaginal Fistula, Forceps delivery 1929.

### (d) Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics.

Seven combined Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics are held weekly at the following Centres:—

Churchgate House Reddish Edgeley Adswood Great Moor Heaton Chapel Heaton Norris.

The attendances of patients at these Clinics are as follows:— 1,382 expectant mothers made 7,646 attendances at the Ante-Natal Clinics as compared with 1,354 and 7,646 in 1952.

131 examinations were carried out at the Post-Natal Clinics

during the year under review as compared with 149 in 1952.

These figures do not include women attending at the Stepping Hill Hospital Clinics.

### (e) Health Visitors.

SUMMARY OF THE WORK OF THE HEALTH VISITORS.

Total number of houses visited	• • • •	• • • •	39532
First visits under 1 year	• • • •		2461
Total visits under 1 year		• • • •	9189
Visits to Children (1-2 years)			6934
Visits to Children (2-5 years)			20826
First visits to Tuberculosis Patients	• • • •	• • • •	110
Care and After-care Visits	• • • •	• • • •	2327
Visits to Minor Infectious Diseases	• • • •		893
Visits to Outworkers	• • • •		131
School Lectures	* * * *	****	50
Attendances at Welfare Centres	• • • •		2392
Attendances at Immunisation Clinics	• • • •	• • • •	38
Attendances at Superannuation Clinics			
Unclassified Visits			818

## (f) Child Life Protection (Sections 206 to 220 of the Public Health Act, 1936).

The Children's Officer is now the responsible Officer for

carrying out these duties under the Children's Committee.

The Deputy Medical Officer of Health is the Medical Officer for the Children's Homes in the Borough and visits are made at periodic intervals, also special visits where necessary.

### (g) Child Welfare Clinics.

On the 17th December, a clinic was opened at Brinnington to cater for this rapidly expanding district. The clinic is held at the Brinnington Community Centre, as a temporary arrangement, until such time as the new combined clinic is built at Brinnington.

19 sessions are held weekly at 11 centres. The number of new cases entered in the registers was 1,944, the total weighings

39,563.

The number of children from one to five years on the register is 4,565.

Arrangements are made whereby each toddler can receive a thorough examination each year, on the lines of the routine School Medical Inspection. In 1953, 2,266 toddlers received such an examination, compared with 2,204 in 1952. There is still room for expansion in this work, and parents do not yet fully appreciate the value of this routine medical inspection.

Two physiotherapists, one full-time, the other part-time, attend at five of the Welfare Centres, holding 10 sessions each week for massage treatment. The number of children on the register during the year was 198 and the total number of treatments given to these children was 4,118.

Two sessions per week at the Churchgate Welfare Centre are devoted to Sunlight Treatment. During the year under review the number of children under five years on the register was 67, and the number of treatments 1,004. Thirty-eight schoolchildren also attended for sunlight treatment and the number of treatments given was 767.

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES 1953

Centre	New Cases	Number on Register	Total Weigh- ings	Total Attend- ances	Medical Consul- tations	Special Toddlers' Examinations
Churchgate	280	545	3997	5565	1446	230
Portwood	139	283	2514	3359	880	129
Reddish	342	818	7468	9134	2249	569
Edgeley	246	560	4940	6146	1477	196
Heaton Norris	188	396	3146	4585	1215	154
Adswood	200	429	4119	5804	1068	215
Great Moor	185	559	4746	6407	1530	351
Heaton Mersey.	65	177	1584	2177	460	99
Heaton Chapel.	185	532	4365	5784	1526	213
Cheadle Heath.	108	246	2638	3627	802	109
Brinnington	6	20	46	60	23	1
Totals	1,944	4,565	39,563	52,648	12,676	2,266

### (h) Immunisation

### (i) Diphtheria Immunisation

Facilities for Diphtheria Immunisation are provided at all Infant Welfare Centres.

During the year 1953, 1,357 children under five years received Primary Diphtheria Immunisation, and 248 a reinforcing dose (these children have been previously immunised).

None of these children were schick tested.

Table on page 53 gives comprehensive figures of children immunised for 1933-1953 by age groups.

#### (ii) Whooping Cough Immunisation

The following table gives details of Whooping Cough immunisations carried out during 1953:—

Age at date of Immunisation	Under 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
New Cases	756	77	38	21	12	1	2		907
Reinforcing doses		370	272	115	59	10	3	1	830

#### (i) Treatment of the Pre-School Child.

#### Co-operation of School Medical Service

During the year under review the School Medical Service co-operated wholeheartedly with the Child Welfare Service, providing facilities for Intelligence Tests, Dental Treatment and Eye Testing for the pre-school child. Appointments have also been made for pre-school children to attend Ear, Nose and Throat sessions at the School Clinic.

#### Provision for the Treatment of Verminous Heads in the Pre-School Child.

The number of infected heads discovered during the year was 39, all in the course of home visitation by Health Visitors. In all cases facilities for treatment were provided by the Maternity and Child Welfare Department by the supply of hair shampoo and the loan of sacker combs. In every instance remedy was speedily effected.

# (j) The Stockport Voluntary Committee for Maternity and Child Welfare.

This Committee again rendered valuable assistance at the Welfare Centres during the year. Classes were also held for the purpose of giving mothers instruction in cooking, sewing, dress-making, home nursing and child management.

The Committee give financial assistance for convalescence

accommodation for mothers with their babies.

The work undertaken by this Committee is greatly appreciated.

#### (k) Provision of Milk for Necessitous Mothers and Children.

During 1940 this particular service was placed on a National basis, and is now performed by the Ministry of Food with the co-operation of this Department.

#### (1) Supply of Dried Milk.

Various brands of dried milk are sold at the Clinics at cost price plus ten per cent. for handling charges. The amount supplied is restricted to the quantity required by the individual child.

Quantities of milk supplied: 26,299 lbs.

The sale of National Dried Milk at cheap rates through the Food Office has, over the past few years, considerably reduced the distribution of proprietary brands by the Health Department.

# (m) DENTAL TREATMENT

(a) Numbers provided with dental care:

	Examined	Needing Treatment	Treated	Made Dentally Fit	Attendances
Expectant and Nursing Mothers	59	29	59	46	229
Children under Five	345	284	284	. 266	525

(b) Forms of dental treatment provided:

			The state of the s						THE PERSON NAMED AND POST OF THE PERSON NAMED	
		Anae	Anaesthetics		Scalings or Scaling	Silver			Dentures Provided	Provided
	Extractions Local	Local	General	Fillings		Treatment	Dressings	Treatment Dressings Radiographs Complete Partial	Complete	Partial
Expectant and Nursing Mothers	419	43	23	86	18	7	16	7	7	111
Children under Five	346	38	117	. 263	l	28	56	l	I	I

Number of Dental Clinics in operation at end of year ... 2 Total number of Sessions devoted to M. and C.W. cases 84 Number of Expectant and Nursing Mothers completed .. 266 The demand for this service has increased during the past year, particularly so in the latter part of the year in the case of Expectant and Nursing Mothers. Every effort has been made to improve the service, and additional staff has been engaged. Facilities for X-ray examination are provided at Stepping Hill Hospital.

#### (n) (i) Handicapped Children

During the year under review special consideration has been given to the care and attention of children born with mental and physical defects. Seventeen such children were brought to the notice of the Maternity and Child Welfare Medical Staff, suffering from defects as follows:—

Mental Defect (two	subse	equent	ly died	d)	• • •		6
Limb Deformities							
Congenital Heart	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3
Other Defects							

Certain of the children have been undergoing treatment at Stepping Hill Hospital and the Stockport Infirmary, and all cases have been visited by the Health Visitors.

#### (n) (ii) Blind Children,

There were no blind babies brought to the notice of this department during the past year.

It was not possible to arrange any admissions to Sunshine Homes, and at the end of this year two children were still awaiting admission.

The Health Visitors have made regular visits to the homes of these unfortunate children.

#### (o) Home Accidents.

The arrangement commenced in June 1952, under which Stockport Infirmary undertook to notify the admission of patients suffering from burns and scalds, as a result of accidents, was continued during the year.

During the period under review 26 such cases were reported, comprising 21 children and 5 adults. One child, aged 3 years, died from scalds received through falling into boiling water.

Quite a large proportion of these accidents could have been avoided, if even the most elementary precautions had been taken, particularly so in the case of children.

Health Visitors have continued to pay follow-up visits to the homes of children involved in accidents, offering advice to ensure the avoidance of a repetition of such accidents.

During normal routine visits the Health Visitors have also stressed to the parents the absolute necessity of taking all possible precautions to avoid accidents happening in the home and have been frequently called upon to give advice on treatment in cases where accidents have already taken place.

## (p) Infant Mortality.

1953. Deaths from stated causes at various ages under 1 year of age:—

	PROPERTY OF A SCHOOL SHOWN	OF SHEED WAR	2-14-1-1 S200-E					THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF		
Cause of Death	Under 1 week	1-2 weeks	2-3 weeks	3-4 weeks	Total under 4 weeks	4 weeks and under 3 months	3 months and under 6 months	6 months and under 9 months	9 months and under 12 months	Total Deaths under 1 year
All Causes	28	6	3		37	5	10	8	4	64
Asphyxia	6  1 3  1  8 	1   1  1 2			6 1 8 1 3  2 2  1 10 	  2	1  1  1  1 	1 1  1 3 		6 1 8 2 3 1 1 2 6 1 3 14 10 1 4

#### (B) MIDWIFERY

#### (a) Municipal Domiciliary Midwifery Service.

The arrangements for this Service were similar to previous years.

The following is a summary of the work done by the Municipal Midwives during 1953:—

Visits to Expectant Mothers	• • • • •		3,584
Attendances at Ante-Natal Clinics	• • • •		967
Interviews at Midwives' Homes	• • • • • •	****	783
Patients delivered		••••	871
Visits during Puerperium			
Special Visits, unclassified	• • • • • •	• • • •	631

#### (b) Supervision of Midwives.

During the year 69 midwives gave notice of their intention to practise in the Borough. These include 47 at Stepping Hill Hospital, and 4 at Nursing Homes. One midwife residing outside the Borough gave notice of her intention to practise within the Borough.

During the year the number of applications by Midwives for Medical assistance was 118, compared with 123 in 1952.

#### (c) Supervision of Nursing Homes.

Seven Nursing Homes were registered in the Borough at the end of 1953. No new applications were received during the year. These Homes are inspected at four-monthly intervals by the Assistant Medical Officer of Health for Maternity and Child Welfare, due attention being paid to premises, equipment and registers.

#### (d) Care of Premature Babies.

#### (i) Domiciliary Deliveries:

The premature child is nursed at home if its condition is satisfactory. Special draught-proof cots are provided by the Health Department with hot water bottles and blankets and other necessary equipment. The midwife attending the case devotes extratime and care to the child and continues visiting until the baby is progressing normally. Training for midwives in the care of premature babies is available at the Duchess of York Hospital, Burnage.

Any premature baby which is considered to be in need of hospital treatment is removed by ambulance. The baby travels in a special cot under the care of the midwife and oxygen is available for use during the journey.

		0.0
Number of premature babies born on the d	istrict.	39
Number still-born	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3
Number died under 24 hours	%.	1
Number died between 1st and 28th day		6
Number living after 28 days	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	24
Number transferred to Hospital (4 survived)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5

#### (ii) Hospital Deliveries:

Premature babies born in hospital are detained until their condition is satisfactory and notice of their impending discharge is notified to the Med cal Officer of Health. Particulars of feeding and any special recommendations are also conveyed to the Department. Such cases are followed up by the Health Visitor of the District in which the child resides.

Number of premature babies born in hospital .... 189 Number of premature babies surviving .... 149

#### (e) Blood Investigation.

Blood investigations were carried out on all cases attending ante-natal clinics during the year. Blood was investigated for Rhesus classification, Wasserman reaction and Haemoglobin levels.

During this period 936 samples of blood were taken for Rhesus Testing, of this number 171 were Rh. Negative. Only seven of these women showed the presence of antibodies and they were transferred to Stepping Hill Hospital. All the babies born to these Rh. Negative women were alive and well.

The number of Wasserman reaction and Kahn tests carried out during the year was 936. Eight positive results were obtained from this group and these patients were referred to the Special Clinic for further investigation and treatment when necessary.

#### Haemoglobin Level (Method, Haldane).

Haemoglobin was estimated in 971 cases. The following table gives an analysis of Haemoglobin levels in this group:—

%								No	o. of Cases
40— 49	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	••••		5
50— 59		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	* • • • •	24
60 69				• • • •)	* * * *			• • • •	123
70— 79		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • !	• • • •		• • • • •	250
80— 89		• • • •		• • • •		• • • • 1			362
90— 99		• • • •	• • • • {			***	****	* • • •)	170
100—109	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	****	* * * *(	****	• • • •	32
110—119	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	0 0 0 01	• • • •	••••	• • • •		5

Where the level has been lower than 80 per cent., treatment has been instituted.

Particulars are given below of Rhesus Tests and Wasserman Tests of Stockport women attending the Ante-natal Clinic at Stepping Hill Hospital during 1953:—

Number of Rhesus Tests—1,129; Negative 199; Positive 930. Number of Kahn Tests—1,129; Positive 6.

Number of Wasserman Tests—6; Positive 4; Negative 2.

The above figures do not include booked cases who later aborted or cancelled for any reason.

#### (C) HOME NURSING

During the year under review the public demand for the Home Nursing Service has again kept the service fully occupied. I am pleased to report that all calls upon the service have been met despite the heavy demand, and that the service is proving to be most valuable.

The headquarters of the Home Nursing Service is situated at 39 Greek Street, Stockport, and the premises are owned by the Stockport Corporation.

In the case of night duty a nurse is on call for cases of special emergency.

The Nurses' Home is registered as a key training centre for Student Nurses, and a number of students have been trained during the year.

#### DETAILS OF SERVICES RENDERED DURING THE YEAR, 1953

			$C_{\ell}$	ases Nurs	ed	Visits Made
Medical			 	1,148	- • •	18,402
Surgical			 	1,325		19,519
Operations	atte	nded	 	8		69
-				and the same of th		
$\Gamma$ c	tals	• • •	 	2,481		37,990
To	tals	• • •	 	2,481		37,990

During this period 1,099 articles were loaned to patients.

#### (D) DOMESTIC HELP

The Domestic Help Service is expanding year by year, and is performing most useful service, both in maternity and domestic cases, the latter consisting largely of domestic assistance to elderly persons.

On the 31st December, 1953, the Staff of the Domestic Help Service consisted of a Domestic Help Organiser, 8 full-time and 14 part-time Domestic Helps.

#### DETAILS OF SERVICES RENDERED DURING THE YEAR, 1953

				Fees	s Pa	id
				£	s.	d.
Maternity Cases		• . •	. 98	 399	10	10
Domestic Cases	• • •		693	 371	17	2
			791	 £771	8	0

#### (E) DAY NURSERIES

The total attendances of children at the Daw Bank and White-hill Nurseries for 1953 are given below, together with the comparative figure for 1952.

	<b>195</b> 3	1952
Daw Bank Nursery	10,114	9,764
Whitehill Nursery	9,944	9,989

# REPORT OF ATTENDANCES FROM JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1953.

	Daw Bank. Children	Whitehill. Children
6	months—2 years	6 months—2 years
Approved Accommodation	50	52
Total Attendances during the year		9,944
Average Daily Attendances for period		39.78
Maximum Daily Attendance.		52
Amount of E	(1.9.53)	(29.4.53)
Amount of Fees		$£1,116/15/0 \\ 250$

In December of this year the additional accommodation at the Trades Hall, Daw Bank, was de-requisitioned, and in consequence of this closure, the age at which children will be admitted was raised from 6 months to 12 months, and the approved accommodation reduced from 50 to 35.

The reciprocal arrangements between Stockport County Borough and the Cheshire County Council (i.e. the admission of children to the Nurseries from their respective areas providing accommodation is available) are still in force, but there have been no cases during the year under review.



## Mental Health Services

#### SECTION VII.

#### Mental Health Services.

#### (a) Introduction.

The domiciliary service includes:—

(i) The ascertainment of cases of mental ill-health and mental

deficiency.

(ii) The initial proceedings for obtaining detention and reception orders and transferring persons of unsound mind to establishments under the Regional Hospital Board and arranging interviews at Psychiatric Clinics.

(iii) The statutory supervision, provision of after-care, etc., of

mental defectives living in the community.

(iv) The provision of occupational treatment for mental defectives.

#### (b) Administration.

(i) A Mental Health Sub-Committee has been appointed and the Medical Officer of Health, under the direction of this Committee, is responsible for the control of this service. Meetings are held each month.

(ii) Administrative Officer—Medical Officer of Health (Part-

time).

Medical Officer—(i) Medical Officer from nearest Mental Hospital under the Regional Hospital Board (Part-time); (ii) Senior

Assistant School Medical Officer (Part-time).

In addition to the above, two Medical Officers of the Local Health Authority and three Medical Officers of the Regional Hospital Board are approved under Sections 3 and 5 of the Mental Deficiency Act, 1913, for the purpose of giving Medical Certificates.

Three Duly Authorised Officers—2 males and 1 female—are at present employed by the Local Health Authority. These Officers also act in the capacity of Mental Health Workers and Visitors.

- (iii) Co-ordination is maintained with Regional Hospital Boards and Hospital Management Committees—the Local Health Authority providing the following reports:—
  - (a) Home conditions of patients who fall due each quarter for reconsideration by the Statutory Visitors under Section II.
  - (b) Home conditions in respect of applications for Holiday or Trial leave.
  - (c) Progress and Supervision Reports on patients who are absent from Institutions on Trial leave—usually at monthly intervals during the first three months and subsequently quarterly.
- (iv) The Local Health Authority undertakes the pre-care work of cases reported and the after-care work of cases notified by the various mental institutions and hospitals, regular supervisory visits being conducted. Full social histories of cases are compiled at the request of Medical Superintendents, and these are proving of great value in the treatment of such cases.

- (v) The Local Health Authority undertakes all duties—none being delegated to Voluntary Associations.
- (vi) Two of the three Duly Authorised Officers have had courses at Calderstones Hospital on the various aspects of Mental Deficiency.

# (c) Account of Work Undertaken in the Community. Mental Treatment.

mental ricatinent.	
Number of patients in Mental Hospitals on the 31st December, 1953	373
Details of Cases investigated and action taken by the	
Authorised Officers during the year ended 31st December,	1953.
(i) Patients admitted to Mental Hospitals	
Certified Patients (Section 16) 37	
Under Section 20 and subsequently	
certified. (These are cases admitted for a	
period of three days on the sole respon- sibility and signature of the Duly Author-	
ised Officers) 7	
Under Section 21 (Justices' Order) and	
subsequently certified. (These are cases	
admitted for a period of 14 days on the	
signature of a Justice of the Peace) 14 Voluntary Patients (including patients	
admitted under Sections 20 and 21 who	
were accepted as Voluntary Patients at the	
expiration of the Orders) 73	
Discharged following period of Observa-	
tion 30 Died during period of observation 6	
Died during period of observation 6  Remaining under Observation on 31st	
December, 1953 2	
	169
(ii) Patients transferred from St. Thomas' Hospital	1
to other Mental Hospitals (Ollersett View 1)	
(iii) Patients admitted to Hospital Sick Wards	26
(iv) Patients admitted to Part III, Accommodation at	3
(v) Patients referred direct to Psychiatric Clinics	23
(v) Patients referred direct to Psychiatric Clinics (vi) Patients referred to other Departments of the	20
Local Authority	3
(vii) Patients referred to own Doctors	8
(viii) Private Cases assisted with 2	
Ashton Case escorted from St. Thomas'	
Hospital to Parkside Hospital and accepted	
as Voluntary Patient 1	3
(ix) Cases investigated but no action deemed necessary	0
or held in abeyance	65
	Servery and the servery of the serve
	301

Attendances, escorting patients to Psychiatric Clinics for examination	10
Attendances, escorting patients to and from Psychiatric Clinics, out-patient treatment	23
Pre-care and Supervisory Visits	701
Visits requested by Hospitals	25
After-care visitation has been carried out in respect of cases discharged from Mental Hospitals, where the patent has consented to such procedure and the number of visits made in respect of these cases	
was	139

With each case admitted to a Mental Hospital or referred to the Consultant Psychiatrist, a detailed report is compiled by the Duly Authorised Officer concerned with the case. This procedure is acknowledged by all concerned to be extremely useful as a guide to initial treatment.

Great care is taken in dealing with aged persons referred to the Mental Health Service as being of unsound mind. These cases are very carefully investigated and where possible admitted to Sick Wards or other accommodation and in not one instance has an aged person been admitted to a Mental Ward unless absolutely imperative.

Since the attendance of a Consultant Psychiatrist at both St. Thomas' and Stepping Hill Hospitals, full advantage of which is being taken by the Mental Health Service, more cases are being dealt with as Out-Patients. This is a progressive step and has resulted in many cases being treated whilst the mental sickness is in an early stage, thus, not only saving Hospital beds, but avoiding Certification and giving a growing confidence to the public to submit themselves for examination and treatment. Figures cannot be given of cases dealt with as Out-Patients as in most cases the Mental Health Service hears nothing further after arranging for Psychiatric examination.

#### Mental Deficiency.

Statistics at the 31st December, 1953

- (a) Cases in Hospitals (including 4 on Licence) ... ... 148
  (During the year 6 patients were admitted, none discharged, and 1 died).
  (b) Cases awaiting admission—all of whom have reasonably good home conditions ... ... 11
- (c) Cases under statutory supervison ... ... 136

(d) Ascertained defectives notified and found "subject	
to be dealt with ''	10
Disposal: Hospital 2	
Statutory Supervision 7	
Voluntary Supervision 1	
(e) Cases reported during the year and found "not at	
present subject to be dealth with''	10
Disposal: Voluntary Supervision 1	
No action deemed necessary at	
present 9	

#### Work in the Community.

At the 31st December, 1953, there remained 26 cases which although not certifiable had been referred to the Department for voluntary supervision by Medical Practitioners, Parents, the Local Education Authority, and Prison Medical Officers.

#### General.

When a new case is notified, the Duly Authorised Officers compile a case history. This is the basis for deciding the degree of urgency for institutional care, or attendance at the Prospect House Occupation Centre, when vacancies occur. Close liaison exists with the Local Education Authority in regard to child defectives. Visits are made to the homes of defectives, and advice given to parents.

Visits made during the year ... ... 630 In addition many parents were seen at the Mental Health

Offices, Shaw Heath.

Supervisory action for licensed cases has continued. This supervision extends to those working in the area belonging to other authorities. The progress reports compiled and forwarded to the respective Medical Superintendents are of assistance to the appointed Visitors in determining whether the licensed case may be discharged from Order.

Supervisory visits to short-licensed cases requested by Medical Superintendents are made, and during the period there

have been 127 visits.

The Manchester Regional Hospital Board are responsible for regulating admissions to hospital. Although few vacancies occur, the Board have been most helpful and co-operative in assisting this Authority whenever it has been within their power.

#### (d) Prospect House Occupation Centre.

This Centre is now in its third year. The overall position does not differ to any marked degree from that experienced in the previous year. The numbers awaiting a trial period at the Centre

are relatively stable.

The fact that all ages are catered for, restricts the intake of new pupils to this Centre, but this position should be eased by the establishment of the new Occupation Centre on the South side of the town. At the present moment 28 notified cases are awaiting trial at the centre.

#### Accommodation.

The approved accommodation is 36. At the 31st December, 1953, 27 males and 15 females were on the Register, the average attendance for the year was 33.70. In addition 17 males and 11 females, all notified cases, were awaiting a trial in the Centre.

#### Meals and Transport.

The School Meals Service continues to provide for each pupil a hot mid-day meal, at which the pupils are instructed in simple table manners. The meals continue to be adequate and of a high standard. Free milk continues to be supplied, being provided to all pupils attending the Centre. The children are away from their homes from about 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., Mondays to Fridays inclusive, thus leaving parents free of the supervision of these children during the daytime.

#### Medical Supervision.

During the year each pupil attending the Centre received a physical examination, which was carried out by the Senior Assistant School Medical Officer.

#### Curriculum.

This is framed on simple and elementary lines; the general direction being towards the achievement of clean habits, good manners, physical development, and a knowledge of simple manual occupations.

#### General Activities.

The Annual Christmas Party was a most successful function; the Mayor and Mayoress, Members of the Health Committee and Mental Health Sub-Committee, together with parents, enjoyed a concert which is becoming an annual feature at the Centre. Several organisations and individuals provided gifts for the children and these, with a grant from the Committee, enabled each child to receive a suitable present. Articles made by the children were on display.

#### Students.

A member of the Staff is taking the examination for the Diploma of the National Association for Mental Health; the duration of the Course is twelve months. During the year a member of the staff successfully completed this examination and was awarded the Diploma.

A number of students from other areas, studying for the same examination, have attended at the Centre for periods of two months for practical work.

The National Association for Mental Health are evidently grateful for the co-operation extended to them, and from the number of students that have been sent, it is obvious that the Stockport Centre is highly regarded.

#### Inspection.

The annual inspection of the Centre took place in November, and the Ministry of Health Inspector was deeply impressed by all that she saw on her visit.

#### Visits.

During his visit to Stockport, on Friday, the 24th April, 1953, the Rt. Hon. Ian N. Macleod, M.P. (Minister of Health) paid a visit to the Centre accompanied by His Worship the Mayor, the Member of Parliament for Stockport North, the Chairman of the Mental Health Sub-Committee, together with other Officials and Members of the Council. The Minister expressed himself as highly satisfied with the arrangements at the Centre.

#### (e) Ambulance Service.

Ambulances from the Central Ambulance Station are available for the removal of patients as and when required.



SECTION VIII.

# Prevention of Illness Care and After-Care

#### SECTION VIII.

#### Prevention of Illness-Care and After-Care.

#### (a) Health Education.

The Local Health Authority has continued its endeavour to keep the public informed on health matters, and of the preventive measures against disease, with particular emphasis on Vaccination and Immunisation. Posters with a topical interest have been displayed on the Empire Marketing Board Frames situated in different parts of the Borough.

Copies of "Better Health," the official journal of the Central Council for Health Education, have again been distributed to the public through the medium of the Health Department, and Welfare Centres. A booklet entitled "Advice to Mothers and Fathers" has also been made available at the Welfare Centres and the Centres have again been utilised for the display of posters and distribution of leaflets on a variety of topics. Similar publicity has been on display to members of the public visiting the Health Department.

The Exhibition Stand, on loan from the Central Council for Health Education, has been on show at all the Welfare Centres, displaying interesting topics on health matters. The topics are interchangeable and are on loan for approximately three months.

Health Visitors have again assisted in the important field of Health Education, by giving lectures on Mothercraft and Hygiene to senior girls at school. Prizes have been provided by the Local Health Authority for essays submitted in this connection. The Health Visitors have also advised mothers both at the clinics and when visiting their homes.

Talks have been given to selected audiences by the Medical Staff on various subjects, and the Chief Sanitary Inspector has given talks on Food Handling.

The Welfare Centres have been placed at the disposal of the Stockport Voluntary Committee for the conduct of Mothercraft Classes.

Preliminary negotiations have taken place for the formation of a Committee to deal with Health Education on Cancer, but up to the present time no concrete arrangements have been established.

#### (b) Tuberculosis.

Towards the end of 1953, the Ministry of Health gave Local Health Authorities the opportunity to proceed with B.C.G. Vaccination of schoolchildren in the 13-14 years age group. A scheme was drawn up and submitted for formal approval. This scheme envisaged contacting parents through the medium of the schools and undertaking skin testing and vaccination on school premises, if the response from any particular school was small it was arranged that children from such schools should attend at the nearest Welfare Centre.

The following table gives in detail the response to the scheme:

No. of Schools No. of 13-year-old children No. of acceptances

				<u> </u>		]
	Girls	Boys	Total	Girls	Boys	Total
22	737	758	1,495	417	469	886
				}		

Arrangements were made for this work to be commenced on the 15th January, 1954.

Arrangements were put into operation for the carrying out of the recommendations of the Joint Tuberculosis Council for the protection of organised groups of children from the risk of infection by adults suffering from tuberculosis.

Provision was made for the skin testing of children attending at Infant Welfare Centres to commence early in 1954.

All candidates for employment involving close contact with infants and children have had X-ray examination of the chest before appointment.

No person with respiratory tuberculosis is considered for such employment unless and until the disease is certified as arrested, i.e. has been quiescent for two years, with negative sputum in this period.

The Chest Physicians have continued to give B.C.G. Vaccination for the protection of negative re-actors in groups of persons exposed to risk of immediate contact. During the year 80 persons were vaccinated with B.C.G. at the Chest Clinic. B.C.G. Vaccination is also made available for all babies born in St. Mary's Hospital, Manchester, and 23 babies were vaccinated there during 1953.

The Medical Research Council are still keeping under medical observation, the children who took part in the trial scheme in connection with B.C.G. vaccine. The facilities of the Welfare Centres have again been made available for the follow-up examinations, and School Nurses have assisted in the completion of follow-up enquiry forms. No further children were vaccinated under this scheme during 1953.

Consideration has also been given during the year to the rehousing of tuberculous families and new housing accommodation has been provided for thirteen families.

Health Visitors undertake visits to the homes of tuberculosis cases on receipt of notification, and they are also responsible for visiting cases of tuberculosis on discharge from sanatoria. Visits are undertaken at three-monthly intervals in the case of pulmonary tuberculosis, six-monthly intervals in cases of tuberculosis of bones

and joints, and yearly in cases of tuberculosis of the skin. Additional visits are paid in exceptional cases. The Health Visitor also visits homes for the purpose of following-up persons who have been notified after death.

During the year under review, Health Visitors made 110 first visits and 2,327 visits in respect of after-care.

The following table gives the incidence of tuberculosis during recent years, together with particulars of contacts:

	Noti	fications	Con	itacts	Number of	Deaths		
	Pul- monary	Non- Pulmonary	Examined Not Examined		Contacts Tubercular	Pul.	Non- Pul.	
1951	80	15	147	163	3	40	10	
1952	83	13	185	120	5	35	8	
1953	98	7	206	97	13	22	4	

No organised visit of the Mass Miniature Radiography Unit was possible during this year, but Miniature X-ray was carried out in particular groups as required during the year.

During the year arrangements were made for colony care at Barrowmore Hall and Wrenbury Hall and the following table gives details of the cases dealt with during the year:

Patient	From	To	No. of days
	Wrenbury Hall		
1	1.1.53	6.3.53	65
2	1.1.53	25.3.53	84
3	19.1.53	25.5.53	127
4	9.2.53	31.12.53	326 *
5	23.3.53	7.9.53	169
6	6.4.53	28.9.53	176
7	27.4.53	19.9.53	146
8	8.6.53	31.12.53	207 *
9	6.7.53	23.12.53	171
10	13.7.53	31.12.53	172 *
11	27.7.53	31.12.53	158 *
12	7.9.53	31.12.53	116 *
13	16.11.53	31.12.53	46 *
14	9.11.53	31.12.53	54 *
15	26.10.53	21.11.53	27 *
	Barrowmore Hall		
16	1.1.53	31.12.53	365 *

<sup>\*</sup> Remaining in Colony Care at 31st December, 1953.

I am indebted to Dr. E. R. Smith, M.D., D.P.H., Consultant Chest Physician, for the following table:—

2
Return Relating to Stockport Cases at Chest Clinic, 1953.
Number of cases on Clinic Register 966
Number of attendances at the Clinic 5993
Number of specimens of sputum examined:—
Negative 1684
Positive 48
<b>——</b> 1732
New Cases diagnosed during the year:—  Adults Children
M. $F.$ $M.$ $F.$
Pulmonary 35 32 6 6
Non-Pulmonary
Number of Contacts examined during the year 206
Number of Contacts found to be Tubercular 13
Number of Contacts not submitting to examination 97
Number Mantoux tested:—
Mantoux Positive 192
Number of Children vaccinated with B.C.G 79
Home Visits during the year 109
Number of Persons recommended for N.A. Grants 64
Number of Persons recommended for rehousing 15
Number of Persons found employment 8
Number of refills performed at Stepping Hill Hospital 4687

(C) VENEREAL DISEASES

Return relating to Stockport Cases treated at Great Egerton Street during the year 1953.

year 1953.		status et in sole.		Teach of Market	Cond	itions			
	Syphilis		Gonorrhoea		other than		Totals 1953		
Persons under treatment or	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	Total
observation on 1st January 1953	64	100	14	5	20	7	98	112	210
Old Cases returned	2	3					2	3	5
New Cases:— Syphilis primary, secondary, latent first year, cardio-vascular, nervous system, other latent stages, Congenital Gonorrhoea	1 3 5 1						1 - 1 3 5 1 34 184		1 - 3 5 14 6 50 236
31/12/53	_	-	<u> </u>	_		_	_	_	-
areas	4		2		1	1	7	1	8
Totals	81	121	50	21	205	60	336	202	538
Cases discharged after cure	13	16	28	11	183	50	224	77	301
Defaulters:—  (a) Syphilis  (b) Gonorrhoea before 3  months  (c) Gonorrhoea after 3	2	2	7	4		_	2 7	2 4	4
months									
Cases ceasing attendance before completing treatment:— Syphilis less than 1 year, more than 1 year, Congenital under 1 year, Congenital over 1	<u></u>	- 6 1		_ _ _	_ _	_	<u></u>	- 6 1	7
year	1 —			_		_			
Number of cases under observation which died:— From the Disease	1 4	<u> </u>	_	<i>,</i>			1 4	<u>_</u>	1 5
Cases transferred to other centres	1	3	2		2	3	5	6	11
Cases remaining under treatment on 31/12/1953	58	92	13	6	20	7	91	105	196
Totals	81	121	50	21	205	60	336	202	538
Number of attendances for medical treatment  Number of attendances for intermediate treatment	526 188	1116	226	98	638	174 32	1390 242	1388	2778 780

R. S. MORTON, M.B.E., M.R.C.P. & S., Physician-in-Charge

During the year 98 visits were made to a total of 60 patients. These visits included visits to alleged sources of infection as well as to patients who have defaulted from treatment or post-treatment observation. As a result, the attendance of 26 patients was secured.

#### (d) Mental Illness or Defectiveness.

The Mental Health Sub-Committee in addition to the duties already described in detail under Section VII is responsible for the after-care arrangements of those suffering from mental illness or defectiveness. The Duly Authorised Officers undertake the domiciliary visiting of mental defectives where necessary and follow-up of cases discharged from mental hospitals.

The Local Health Authority provides an Occupation Centre for Mental Defectives, at 70 Derby Road, Heaton Moor. A detailed report of the activities of this centre is to be found on pages 79 and 80.

Details of the domiciliary work carried out by the Mental Health Service are given an pages 77, 78 and 79.

#### (e) Other Types of Illness.

Cases notified by Hospital Authorities as being in need of after-care on discharge from hospital have in the main been attended by the Staff of the Home Nursing Service. The Health Visitors and the Domestic Help Service have also given assistance in such cases. Contact has been maintained with the family doctors and where requested, home nursing service has been provided.

A considerable amount of time has again been devoted to old people in need of care and attention, both by the Home Nursing Service and the Domestic Help Service, and in particular to cases where old people have been found to be living in unsatisfactory conditions and who are unable or unwilling to obtain hospital treatment.

#### (f) Provision of Nursing Equipment and Apparatus.

An adequate supply of nursing equipment and apparatus is available at the Nurses' Home, Greek Street. The Voluntary Committee of the Stockport Sick Poor Nursing Association has provided supplies of bed linen, mattresses, bed rests, bed pans, hot water bottles, etc., to meet the needs of persons being nursed in their own homes. This Association has also maintained two mobile Physiotherapy Units, which have operated from the Nurses' Home. Our thanks are due to the Voluntary Committee for their valuable assistance in this work.

#### (g) Convalescent Treatment.

During the year these facilities have been utilised by both adults and children. The numbers have been comparable to those experienced last year. Experience has shown, however, the need

to widen the scheme, and arrangements have been made with Convalescent Home authorities whose premises have not previously been used—this service, however, is not free. Applicants or parents (in the case of children) are enabled, however, to apply for a reduction in the standard charge if their financial circumstances warrant it. An assessment is then made in accordance with the Association of Municipal Corporations' recommended scales, and the allowances noted in the National Assistance Act 1948 and its Amendments, are used.

The usual source of applicants is through the Medical Practitioners in respect of adult persons, and through the assistance of the School Medical Service in respect of children of

school age.

#### SUMMARY, 1953.

#### CHILDREN

Ormerod Home, St. Annes-on-Sea	. 29
Thursby Children's Convalescent Home, St. Annes	-
on- <b>Se</b> a	. 21
Convalescent Home for Boys, Taxal Edge	
Seabright Convalescent Home, St. Annes-on-Sea	. 1
Craig Home for Children, Bare, Morecambe	. 1
	53

The normal period of convalescent treatment is for four weeks. It is usual for the children going to and returning from Convalescent Homes to be accompanied by a trained nurse and an assistant.

Total Cost for Children ... ... £456 14s. 10d. Amount recovered ... £181 7s. 11d.

#### SUMMARY, 1953.

#### **ADULTS**

West Hill Convalescent Home, Southport	 	31
Convalescent Home for Women, Llandudno	 	4
Men's Convalescent Home, Rhyl	 	8
Boarbank Hall, Grange-over-Sands		
Cheam		
		45

The usual period of convalescence is two weeks for adults. Total Cost for Adults ... ... £237 19s. 10d. Amount recovered ... £124 16s. 8d.

As a result of action instituted by the Department, reductions in charges have been made by all of these Homes. Strict control is maintained to prevent applicants abusing the scheme and having an annual holiday at the public expense.

It is a requirement of this Department that the assessment fee should be paid before final arrangements for an applicant's

admission to a Convalescent Home are completed.

# SECTION IX. Ambulance Services

#### SECTION IX

#### Ambulance Services

#### (a) General.

I am pleased to report that a further increased demand upon the Service has been successfully met, although financial stringency has again curtailed the programme of improvements at the Ambulance Depot. Certain abuses of the Service have been brought to my notice and measures are constantly being taken to reduce such abuse to an absolute minimum. Arrangements are made for long distance cases to travel by train in order to economise in the use of vehicles.

It is hoped that the radio-communication system between vehicles and the depot will be in operation early in 1954, and this installation should result in a considerable saving in mileage.

In August, the Ambulance Service was called upon to render assistance at the Irk Valley Railway disaster.

The Superintendent and his staff have again assisted in the training of Civil Defence volunteers.

Of the 27 Driver/Attendants, 6 hold the St. John Ambulance and Home Nursing Certificate, and 20 hold the St. John Ambulance Certificate.

#### (b) Vehicles.

In August the modernisation of the fleet was carried a stage further by the delivery of a new Bedford Ambulance (GDB 484) fitted with a Lomas special B Type body. A complete overhaul of one of the older vehicles was also undertaken.

The number of journeys undertaken in connection with the transportation of midwives to and from cases was 965.

The number of disinfections that were carried out during the year was 278.

#### (c) Garages.

New lighting has been installed outside the garages, to facilitate the maintenance of Ambulances during the winter months.

#### (d) Details of Work Carried out by the Stockport Ambulance Service during 1953:

#### GENERAL CASES.

	1953	1952
Stockport Residents to/from Stockport	11,540	10,544
Stockport Residents to/from Manchester	·	
and District	2,195	2,031
Stockport Residents to/from Outside		
Districts	496	397
Cheshire County Residents to/from		
Stockport	1,619	1,792
Cheshire County Residents to/from Man-		
chester and District	204	261
Cheshire County Residents to/from		
Cheshire Districts	48	37
Cheshire County Residents to/from Out-		
side Districts	96	66
	16,198	15,128
ACCIDENT CASES.		
In Stockport Area	1,045	1,040
Cheshire County Area	157	150
		Province Control Control
Totals	17,400	16,318

The total mileage run by all ambulances during the year was 150,587—of these, 26,766 miles were chargeable to the Cheshire County Council.



#### SECTION X.

# Co-ordinating Committee for Neglected Children

#### SECTION X

#### Co-ordinating Committee for Neglected Children

The recommendations contained in the Joint Circular from the Ministry of Health, the Home Office and the Ministry of Education, have been in operation since the 7th February, 1951.

The Co-ordinating Committee then formed, has met at monthy intervals to deal with the many social problems connected with neglected children, and the cases come under constant review.

A high level of co-ordination between the officials and voluntary workers, and the combined knowledge available, has resulted in the Committee being able to determine the best methods to adopt to attempt reformation in the families. This may entail efforts to provide more adequate housing accommodation, where the family concerned are deserving, and in this respect the Housing Department has been most helpful and co-operative.

Bedding and extra beds and cots may be required, and the various voluntary organisations are very often able to assist in providing these necessities. The Police Clothing Fund has been able to assist in the provision of children's clothing where this was necessary.

The interest shown, and the advice given to these families, often results in an improvement in house management and general cleanliness of the home and children, and a greater self respect. When the latter can be re-established the Committee know from experience that this is the first step towards general improvement.

A minority of the cases do not respond to advice and assistance, but the cases are kept under supervision and efforts are not diminished.

It is encouraging to know that many of the families have been rehabilitated as a result of the co-ordinated efforts of this Committee, and what is more important, that neglected children who are brought to notice are actively supervised and that every effort is being made to alter the conditions which make this neglect possible.

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